BEN-GURION UNIVERSITY OF THE NEGEV

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The Year 'round Motor Oil

MARGINAL COLUMN

By HIRSH HEIFETZ

DISCOVERING who presently is interfering in whose country's domestic affairs has always been a rewarding difficult undertaking.

"Sawt al-Arab" Radio, for instance, does screened Dr. Fadhel Jamali, then Iraqi Foreign Minister and chief U.N. delegate, of "interfering in Iraq's internal and external affairs," while Cairo felt free to incite the Iraqis against their rulers openly, and Moscow sat on the fence enjoying the sight. Six months following the Iraqi coup and the end of the Lebanese crocodile, "interference" is now again fashionable. When Mr. Khrushchev expressed misgivings last month about Colonel Nasser's lack of courtesy to his Communists, Mohammed Hassanein Haikal called this "interference in another country's affairs" — whereupon "Pravda" hastened to refute the charge, stressing the Soviet Union's adherence to the Bandung resolutions and the principle of peaceful co-existence.

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"PRAVDA" — according to the local Arabic Communist paper — then accused Haikal himself of interfering in Iraq's internal affairs by writing articles attacking Brigadier General Abdul Karim Kassem. Yet the paper, eager not to give an impression of a total break with old friend Nasser, hastened to add that Haikal's "Al-Ahram" and other newspapers which serve the interest of the enemies of Arab nationalism, "represent only their owners and speak in the name of neither the Government nor of the National Union."

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OF course, it is unlikely that "Pravda" is ignorant of the fact that Haikal is not only Nasser's Press Adviser, but also one of his closest personal friends, and that no Egyptian paper now represents its owner's private views. But "Pravda's" attitude is in line with that of the Arab Communists who, during the current spate of mutual recriminations, have been the least outspoken against Nasser and give the impression that they are speaking "more in sorrow than in anger."

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THIS attitude, which one does not quite expect from the usually aggressive Communists, becomes understandable when we recall that during the years when Colonel Nasser was the standard-bearer in the fight against Western influence in the area, the Arab Communists gave him unconditional support. The resulting alliance is, therefore, somewhat difficult to break. Another, perhaps more important consideration is that even the Communists may find it hard to justify a sudden and insufficiently well-prepared offensive against Nasser, who had come to be considered the symbol of the Arab movement for liberation — all the more so since the Communists themselves played no small part in spreading this myth.

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MR. Tewfik Toubi, an Israel Communist M.K., for instance, has recently quoted Haikal to the effect that the struggle against imperialism "has ended — or is about to end." This seems quite scandalous to Mr. Toubi. "There are some people in the U.A.R.," he wrote in last week's "Al-Ittihad," "who think that the anti-imperialist struggle is over!" Verily, says Mr. Toubi, "Haikal speaks only in the name of those big Egyptian capitalists who feel they have already achieved their ends by using the nationalist movement — Egyptianizing foreign firms, concentrating trade in local hands, etc. However, Haikal and his capitalists may say what they like; for the Communists the battle is still on. For one thing, the struggle continues in Algeria, Oman and Aden. For another, there is the unceasing war against the stooges of imperialism in Jordan, Tunisia, "and other Arab countries."

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IT seems that the Arab Communist technique at this juncture remains one of veiled attack against Nasser accompanied by open condemnation of his closest associates. The technique is one of making common cause with the various nationalist elements against unspecified "deviationists." As far as one can make out, this deviation consists of two elements: denial of so-called democratic freedom at home and of the inadequate appreciation of Soviet help and friendship abroad.

Jerusalem, February 22.

B-G Offers Hand To Cyprus Republic

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Prime Minister Ben-Gurion held out the hand of friendship to an independent Cyprus at a press conference for foreign correspondents held at his office at the Ministry of Defence on Friday.

"This is one of our nearest neighbours on the sea. I think the independence of Cyprus shows what Israel comes when people who were hostile and antagonistic get together and discuss things and reach an agreement. . . . Although it seemed hopeless, they reached an agreement. If the United Nations were able to do the same thing with us and our Arab neighbours," continued the Prime Minister, "I am certain that when we come together we can do the same thing."

He saw Cypriot independence as a "positive fact" for the area. It is "a peaceful country which we will . . . try to help" and by which Israel will be helped.

Replying to a question on the chances of peace, the Prime Minister said, "We could have peace if it depended only on us. In an hour — as soon as we are informed that other people are ready to discuss it. . . . So far we haven't seen any sign that they are ready for it."

Peace When . . .

The Arabs would be ready for peace, he continued, when:

1) the Arab countries have democratic governments that are responsible directly to the people, and not dominating the people;

2) they realize that Israel cannot be destroyed ("this may be the decisive factor"), and

3) when world tension will be lessened, "because world tension is a great factor in the present situation in the Middle East." He said he had hopes that this tension may be relaxed in the near future.

The first country to make peace will be the strongest in the Arab world. Egypt would make peace if she could.

The 50-minute conference was the first Mr. Ben-Gurion has held for the foreign press since February 26, 1958. He was in good humour throughout, and on several occasions his retorts brought hearty laughter from the correspondents.

In answer to questions ranging from immigration to compulsory education, the Prime Minister:

- confirmed reports that he had expressed to the U.N. Chief Truce Supervisor Israel's willingness to return to the Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission;
- ridiculed Arab propaganda that mass immigration would cause Israel to expand beyond her present borders;
- hoped that within two years the ma'barot would be liquidated;
- sent a message to American Jewry that mass immigration was "a Jewish affair and they are as much involved in it as we

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

Cyprus Emergency To End Quickly

NICOSIA. — The Governor of Cyprus, Sir Hugh Foot, announced on his return from London on Saturday that he would "proceed with all speed from today to end the emergency." He said that action would be taken "very soon" to remove the prohibition on the return to Cyprus of Archbishop Makarios.

Authoritative Greek sources here said that the Greek Cypriot leader, exiled by the British, will return next Friday. The source said that Makarios is pressing strongly in London that Col. George Grivas, head of the Cypriot underground movement EOKA, be allowed to take the post of commander of the Cypriot army if he so wishes.

Sir Hugh expressed at a press conference the hope that Cyprus will remain within the British Commonwealth. He said that no decision had yet been taken on Col. Grivas and that amnesty terms had not yet been worked out.

A New Start

For the first time, the Greek press here expressed a more positive approval of the London agreement, while still maintaining that the accord was not a matter for jubilation. They said the agreement "does not satisfy Greek Cypriot aspirations" for self-determination or *enosis*, but they agreed that "this is a new start."

Both British and Turkish circles expressed surprise at an angry demonstration by Turkish youths on Friday against the agreement, which brought back British troops to patrol the line between Greek and Turkish quarters in Nicosia.

In London, Premier Menderes of Turkey, who is still in hospital recovering from the shock of his plane crash last Tuesday, was much better. He is expected to be out on Monday. A memorial service for the 15 killed in the crash was held outside the Turkish Embassy in the afternoon.

(Reuter, UPI)

MOROCCAN KING TO CHAD

BASTIA, Corsica (Reuter). — King Mohammed V of Morocco left on Saturday by air for the Chad Republic, Madagascar.

The King is on a tour of the places where he lived in exile before Morocco was granted independence by France.

IL170m. Extra Budget Proposal For Aliya Before Cabinet Today

Jerusalem Post Political Correspondent

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, will propose at Sunday's Cabinet meeting an increase of IL170m. in the 1959-60 draft budget to finance the current immigration.

It is understood that about IL85m. of this amount is to come from foreign sources, IL35m. from a new compulsory immigration loan and IL50m. from various additional bond issues and indirect taxes.

The Finance Ministry spokesman stated that need for additional funds has arisen because the scale of immigration has increased since the preparation of the draft budget, which is now before the Knesset.

The IL170m. sought will cover the housing and the early absorption needs of the increased immigration, the spokesman said.

Mr. Eshkol will on Monday wind up the first reading of the draft budget in the Knesset. After the expected Cabinet approval, Mr. Eshkol will explain the proposed budget changes to the Knesset on Monday in winding up the debate on the first reading of the original draft.

The Coalition Executive approved the extra funds in Tel Aviv on Thursday night, following the meeting of the Mapai "Committee of 13" for economic affairs which proposed the compulsory loan.

A preliminary agreement on the Progressive Party's demand for income tax cuts in the medium and high income brackets is believed to have been reached at last Wednesday's meeting between Messrs. Ben-Gurion, Eshkol and Sapir and Messrs. Rosen, Harari and Cohen of the Progressive Party.

Although it is understood that no tax-cuts will be made this year, Progressive Party circles told *The Jerusalem Post* that the meeting brought a certain reconciliation of views on the matter.

Progressive Party representatives are to discuss with the Commissioner of Revenue, Mr. Z. Sharef, their demand for gradual yearly tax amendments, to bring about a certain normalization of tax policy within a few years.

At Sunday's session, the Cabinet is expected to discuss the Arab propaganda and expected diplomatic action against immigration.

The Cabinet is also expected to discuss the return to the Israel-Jordan M.A.C. which Mr. Ben-Gurion discussed last Thursday with the U.N. Chief of Staff.

NEW ISRAEL VESSEL LAUNCHED IN LUBECK

LUBECK (INA). — A 3,400-ton freighter, the Kinneret, was on Friday launched here for Zim Lines by Mrs. Rafael, wife of the Israel Ambassador in Belgium. It is the 32nd vessel commissioned by the Israel Purchasing Mission to be built in West Germany under the Reparations Agreement.

Lebanese Held After Shooting On Border Unit

Jerusalem Post Staff

TIBERIAS. — Two armed Lebanese were seized on Friday near Kibbutz Manara in Upper Galilee after they and another man had fired on a Border Police patrol inside Israel territory. On Saturday, another two Lebanese were detained after they had driven a herd of cows to graze across the border.

In addition, there were several other incidents on Friday involving Syrian shepherds who, accompanied by armed men, entered Israel to graze their livestock at several places. On one occasion, the Syrians opened fire on an Israel patrol, which, however, did not shoot back. No one was hurt. The border crossings were between Gonen and Kfar Szold.

The armed Lebanese were a security detail which was guarding about 100 women and children who penetrated deep into Israel between Manara and Yiftah to cut forage. The group was discovered by an Israel patrol, whereupon the three Lebanese, armed with shotguns, opened fire. The patrol shot back and in the resultant confusion the women and children fled back into the Lebanon. Two of the armed Lebanese were captured. There were no casualties.

In the second incident, eight cows, two goats and a donkey were brought across the border by two Lebanese who grazed them on Manara's pasture. An Israel patrol, which detained the two, sent the animals back across the border.

U.N. Investigates

U.N. Observers together with Israel police and a delegate to the Mixed Armistice Commission are investigating the incidents. The crossing of herds into Israel has been an almost daily occurrence in the past few weeks, but usually a call of warning by U.N. personnel has been sufficient to make them withdraw.

Last week eight Lebanese women crossed into Israel to cut grass but were sent back. Such incidents are attributed by police sources to the drought which has affected Lebanese farmers, who have hit upon the idea of sending their womenfolk and children across to gather forage.

UAR Claims Israel Attack in Sinai

UNITED NATIONS (INA)— The U.A.R., in a letter to the President of the Security Council, charged Israel on Friday with "another grave act of aggression committed by soldiers in the southern part of Sinai, 10 days after Israel had been condemned by the Egyptian-Israel Mixed Armistice Commission for a similar act."

Danish Diplomat Gets Eight Years As Spy

COPENHAGEN (Reuter). — Zinar Blechinberg, 63-year-old Danish diplomat accused of giving Nato secrets to a foreign power while with the Danish Embassy in Bonn, was on Saturday sentenced to eight years' imprisonment for espionage.

ZALMAN SCHNEOUR, DIES IN N.Y., 72

NEW YORK (INA). — Zalman Schneour, noted Hebrew and Yiddish novelist and poet, died of a heart ailment on Friday at the Mount Sinai Hospital, at the age of 72.

The funeral will take place on Sunday (today) at the Jewish Workers' Alliance cemetery, New Jersey.

Schneour was the author of more than 60 volumes of poetry, all written either in Hebrew or Yiddish. His major works were translated into a score of languages. As a poet in Hebrew, he ranked with Bialik and Tchernichowsky. With his contemporaries, Sholem Asch and I. J. Singer, he made

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 9)

Algerian Rebels Lose 3,600 in Six Weeks

ALGIERS (Reuter). — A total of 2,500 Algerian insurgents were killed and 900 captured in operations from January 1 to February 12, a statement from the headquarters of General Maurice Challe, Commander-in-Chief French Armed Forces in Algeria, said on Saturday.

One mortar, 36 heavy arms and 1,680 various weapons were seized during that period.

Nasser: To Fight Israel 'Expansion'

Abdul Nasser on Saturday called for intensification of Arab nationalism and unity to fight the twin dangers of Israel "expansion" and foreign "imperialism," in a speech before 500,000 persons and President Tito of Yugoslavia.

On the first anniversary of the Egyptian-Syrian union, he devoted 15 minutes of his two-hour talk to the "danger of Israel" arising from current immigration from Eastern Europe. He also said that relations with Russia are as good as ever and that "we shall not take orders from Washington, London, or Moscow."

Nasser earlier had opened formal talks with Marshal Tito, who arrived at Suez aboard his yacht after an extended tour of Asia and Africa.

Nasser mentioned Mr. Ben-Gurion's latest offer on Friday to make peace with the Arabs, without, however, rejecting or accepting it. In calling for tightened Arab unity, he pointed out that "even with his attack in 1956, Mr. Ben-Gurion didn't succeed in imposing his will on the Arabs."

While he said Mr. Ben-Gurion's announcements about immigration figures were exaggerated, as mentioned by Moscow Radio and Rumania, he said, "Nevertheless, we must be careful and watch developments." Israel, he said, lives on Germans reparations and U.S. donations as sheep is "no alternative for her but to expand and expel Arabs as she did in 1948."

"Israel must expand to the Nile and the Euphrates. . . . that is why we must fight to nullify the efforts of the enemy to cause differences among the Arabs," he urged.

The Jordan press reported that the Jordan Government has decided to approach the U.N. Secretary-General on the "dangerous effect" of Jewish immigration on the general Middle East situation. Foreign Minister Samir Rifa'i on Thursday night conferred with the U.N. Ambassador, Mr. P. Spinelli, who later said he would cable Mr. Hammarskjold on the matter.

In Cairo, the newspaper "Al Ahram" said the U.A.R. would never accept an imposed peace with Israel. Commenting on the offer of Mr. Ben-Gurion, the newspaper added, "How can Ben-Gurion imagine that today, when from the military point of view the Arab states are prepared for any eventuality, the U.A.R. could think of such a peace with Israel?"

(Cairo R., Reuter)

Lebanese Students Fight over Nasser

BEIRUT (Reuter). — Fighting broke out at the American University on Saturday after 150 youths had staged a pro-Nasser demonstration to mark UAR National Day. No casualties were reported.

Troops surrounded Jouayya village in south Lebanon on Friday after three persons were wounded in a clash between rival political groups, an Interior Ministry spokesman announced.

He said the forces searched for arms and arrested three women and four men. The clash occurred between former rebels and former loyalists, he added.

Atlas Explodes After Launching

CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida (Reuter). — An Atlas inter-continental ballistic missile exploded early on Friday three minutes after it was launched.

It was the seventh time an Atlas had broken apart in 21 launchings since June, 1957. The rocket was reportedly set to travel 4,900 miles over the Atlantic in a reliability and accuracy test.

A second missile failure was recorded the same day when a Nike Hercules, a 27-foot long anti-aircraft weapon, went astray and exploded about 70 metres from a ranch house in New Mexico. No one was hurt.

17 DIE IN FALL AT RHODESIA DAM

SALISBURY, Southern Rhodesia (Reuter). — Seventeen persons were killed Friday night in a 60-metre fall down a shaft on the site of the giant Kariba hydroelectric dam.

Waves of Riots Sweep Through Nyasaland

SALISBURY, Southern Rhodesia (Reuter). — African rioters were reported on Saturday to have taken over a Nyasaland airfield and fired on police reinforcements being landed to help deal with a wave of disturbances now sweeping the territory.

The airfield is at Fort Hills, near the Northern Rhodesia border.

Only a few hours earlier, the Federal Prime Minister, Sir Roy Welensky, announced he had sent a battalion of troops to Nyasaland.

Sir Roy declared that he intended to use "the most rigorous methods legally at our command to maintain law in the territory."

He warned that the authorities intended to make things thoroughly unpleasant for those who persisted in breaking the peace.

A Nyasaland Government statement Friday night said recent developments had disclosed a planned campaign of civil disobedience which, in the past fortnight, had taken the form of illegal meetings and unlawful assemblies.

Some of these unlawful assemblies have assumed riotous proportions resulting in damage to property and injury to some persons, it added.

The heads of the four governments in the Rhodesian Federation gathered here on Friday to discuss security measures.

Sir Roy told the meeting that disturbances occurred early in the day at four widely-separated points. He said crowds of Africans stoned buildings and installations at airstrips at Karonga and Rumpi, and at Fort Hill a European signals officer was injured. There were demonstrations at Ncheu.

"These incidents follow a familiar pattern and in themselves are not regarded as alarming, but the Government has considered it wise to take certain precautions," Sir Roy said.

FRENCH CONGO GAINS AUTONOMY

BRAZZAVILLE (Reuter). — The Congo Republic's new constitution came into effect on Saturday as the capital settled down to an uneasy calm after a week of racial riots in which 98 persons were killed.

As strong forces of French troops and police stood by, workers returned to their jobs, markets were reopening and streets in the African suburbs returned to near-normal activity.

The Legislative Assembly, meeting Friday night under the Prime Minister, the Abbé Fulbert Youlou, adopted unanimously the Congo Republic's constitution as an autonomous state within the French Community.

Only the supporters of the Abbé, a suspended Catholic priest, were in the Assembly. The Opposition leader, M. Jacques Opangault, who was Prime Minister of the former Middle Congo until it became the Congo Republic last November, is in jail and his supporters are boycotting the Assembly.

Macmillan, Khrushchev Begin Talks in Moscow

Tsur Confers With Gen. de Gaulle

By MAURICE CARR,
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — The Israel Ambassador, Mr. Ya'acov Tsur, was received on Saturday at his own request by President de Gaulle. This was the first audience given the envoy since Gen. de Gaulle became President.

The meeting lasted half an hour in what was afterwards described "as a most cordial atmosphere." The Israel Embassy spokesman stated that Mr. Tsur raised the subject of Franco-Israel relations and Middle East problems. The President, for his part, asked questions about the situation in Israel and about her achievements.

Mr. Tsur is to be received by Premier Michel Debré next Tuesday.

The French Ambassador to Israel, M. Pierre Gilbert, on Friday was called in for a consultation by President de Gaulle.

The utmost discretion is being maintained as to the object of this top-level diplomatic activity, but it would be reasonable to assume that Mr. Tsur, in bringing up Franco-Israel relations, broached the possibility of making these relations even closer than in the past.

Meanwhile, France has officially agreed to increase the 1959 quota of Israel exports to this country — fixed in the current trade agreement at 10,000m. frs. — by 17.5 per cent in order to compensate for the recent devaluation of the franc. This adjustment is regarded here as a significant gesture of goodwill.

$5m. U.S. Aid For Israel Industry

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — The U.S. Development Loan Fund on Friday authorized a $5m. loan to the Israel Industrial Institution, limited to financing the expansion of small private enterprises in Israel. The loan is for a period of 10 years.

Mr. Demster McIntosh, head of the Development Loan Fund, described the institution as potentially one of the most important organizations in Israel designed to make long and intermediate term credits available for private industrial development.

Mr. McIntosh explained that the loan would help the establishment of industries to balance the present predominance of agriculture and help build up the private sector of the country's economy. Industrial development was regarded as Israel's foremost economic need, he added.

On Thursday, the Israel Ambassador, Mr. Abba Eban, met with the Undersecretary of State for Economic Affairs, Mr. Douglas Dillon. Mr. Eban later told reporters that they had discussed the possibility of increasing American economic aid to Israel.

Donors Respond to Radio Call for Blood

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Scant minutes after Kol Yisrael broadcast a call on Saturday for donors possessing a rare type of blood (AB Rh-minus), the first donor appeared at the Blood Bank at Hadassah Ziv in Jerusalem.

The blood was needed for a soldier, who had lost a great deal of blood from a gun-shot wound in the leg.

His condition was officially described on Saturday evening as "serious."

After being hospitalised in Beersheba, it was discovered that he had a rare blood type. On Friday, he was rushed to Hadassah Ziv, where it was thought possible to obtain sufficient quantities of the specific blood type. He needed eight transfusions, of 400 grams each.

Mr. Haim Hershko, a medical student who works at the Blood Bank, found that there was only enough AB Rh-minus blood in stock for two transfusions. After trying fruitlessly to contact donors with the same type of blood, he appealed to the Army authorities and to Magen David Adom. None of them had the blood in stock.

Shortly after 1.30 p.m., he called Kol Yisrael and ten minutes later the request for donors was on the air.

The first donor arrived five minutes later. Telephone calls came from persons in Ramat Gan, Kibbutz Ma'barot and Kibbutz Yad Hanna. All offered to come to Jerusalem if needed. Meanwhile, another five donors arrived at the Blood Bank. One was a new immigrant from Hungary, another a medical student who less than a year ago had received blood from the Bank.

Another two persons, whose blood was A Rh-minus (which can be given if AB Rh-minus is not available) also appeared to donate blood.

The man is being treated in the artificial kidney unit in Hadassah, the only one of its kind in regular use in Israel. It was recently received from Dr. Isaac Friedman, of Brooklyn Jewish Hospital.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

The Belgian Cabinet met late on Saturday in an attempt to solve the crisis caused by the strike of 200,000 coal miners, now intensified with the threat of a general strike on Monday in the Hainaut and Liege industrial areas.

Under Four Hours from London

MOSCOW (Reuter).—Mr. Harold Macmillan and Premier Nikita Khrushchev held preliminary talks in the Kremlin on Saturday only two hours after the British Prime Minister's arrival on a 10-day visit.

Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, the British Foreign Secretary, and Mr. Andrei Gromyko, his Soviet counterpart, took part in the 40-minute meeting in Mr. Khrushchev's study. They later attended a dinner given by the Soviet Premier in honour of the British guests.

The British and Soviet leaders chatted informally and posed for photographers before opening the talks. Mineral waters were offered to drink. "It's very good for the kidneys," said Mr. Krushchev. He told his interpreter to tell Mr. Macmillan, "I am having a little struggle to keep drinking down to moderate levels in the Soviet Union."

Mr. Macmillan was welcomed at the airport by Premier Khrushchev who expressed the hope that the visit would lead to "further friendship and mutual understanding" and said that "we are always for improving relations with Britain."

Mr. Macmillan arrived aboard a Comet jet airliner which made the flight from London in less than four hours. He is the first British Prime Minister to visit Russia in peacetime. He is here to assess the prospects of success at any East-West conference with the Russians. He will later go to Paris, Bonn, and possibly Washington, to give his Western allies a report on his mission.

Avoid War

In greeting Mr. Macmillan, Premier Krushchev declared that the Soviet Union wants "above all, to avoid war. We want to live in peaceful co-existence and this line remains unchanged. We are prepared for useful talks." Russians heard a live commentary of the ceremony over Moscow Radio.

Replying, Mr. Macmillan said that his visit had three purposes: to repay Mr. Krushchev's visit to Britain in 1956; to see something of the people, industry and agriculture of the Soviet Union; to contribute to a wider realization in Russia of the conditions of life in Britain today and where she stands in world problems.

He recalled that he visited Russia 30 years ago "as an ordinary tourist."

The West has proposed a Foreign Ministers' conference of Britain, France, the U.S. and Russia to discuss Berlin and Germany in notes sent last Monday. Unofficial Soviet reaction has been that the Western note does not provide a reasonable basis for a settlement.

In London, it was reported that Western newspapers reacted cautiously to the visit and few expected any concrete results to come from the trip. Only in Moscow newspapers was there any real enthusiasm.

West German press comment compared the Berlin problem with Hitler's campaign against Czechoslovakia in 1938, culminating in Mr. Neville Chamberlain's visit to Munich.

Iran-US 'Pact But No Bases'

TEHERAN, (Reuter). — The Shah of Persia said on Saturday that Persia would enter into a bilateral agreement with the U.S. as a precautionary measure, but "we will not allow missiles or foreign bases and have not been asked to do so."

The Shah told a press conference that Persia's Foreign policy had not changed in spite of recent criticism — a reference to attacks by Moscow Radio and the Soviet press and leaders. Despite this criticism, he said, "our regime is representative of our people."

The Shah said the Persian-American defence agreement would only be invoked if Persia was the object of aggression.

It now appears that Persia has decided not to take any action concerning Moscow's attacks on the Shah and the Government. According to a Government source, no decision has yet been taken to sever diplomatic relations with Russia. The bilateral defence arrangement, expected to be signed within a fortnight, has been attacked in the Soviet Union as an act of aggression against Russia.

Pakistan Denial

In Karachi a Foreign Ministry spokesman categorically denied the presence of any foreign military base on Pakistani soil, as alleged by the Soviet Union from time to time.

Commenting on newspaper reports of a Soviet warning to Pakistan that she would have to bear the consequences of transforming her territory into a foreign military base, the spokesman said this is part of a deliberate Soviet campaign to mislead international public opinion as well as the Soviet people.

Belgrade Against Balkan Alliance

BELGRADE (Reuter). — The Yugoslav Government on Friday declared it is opposed to revival of the 1954 Balkan alliance with Turkey and Greece.

A Government spokesman said such a move would not contribute to easing but would only increase, international tension.

The spokesman, asked to comment about the Balkan Pact, said speculation was continuing despite a statement he made last week which said Yugoslavia was interested in the Balkan Pact only as an instrument of cultural, economic and other forms of cooperation.

A revival of the pact would be out of step with existing efforts and prospects for the solution of certain international issues by means of negotiations.

FRENCH 'WATCHDOG' CHAIRMAN NAMED

PARIS (Reuter). — President de Gaulle has appointed M. Leon Noel as President of the Constitutional Council, a nine-man body which ensures that Government and Parliament respect the Republic's constitution.

M. Noel, 71, was Ambassador to Prague and Warsaw before the war.

General Gaston Lavaud, 59, has been appointed chief of the Armed Forces General Staff.

Nato to Get Atom Carrying Planes

LONDON (Reuter). — Britain is to provide NATO with an atom weapon carrying bomber force of R.A.F. Valiants, Victors and Vulcans, it was announced on Friday.

This will give NATO the power to deliver atomic weapons beyond fringe areas in any future war.

From Tel Aviv WITH TWA ACROSS THE NORTH POLE to Los Angeles

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3 FLIGHTS WEEKLY: SUNDAY, TUESDAY, THURSDAY

Social & Personal

The Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Pinhas Sapir, on Friday received at his office in Tel Aviv, Mr. Syd Maranta, chairman of the Winnipeg Bond Campaign; Mr. Frank Maranta, Vice-chairman of the Winnipeg Bond Campaign, and Mr. Stanley Grossman, chairman of the Providence, Rhode Island, Committee for Israel Bonds.

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Dr D.W. Wylie, of St. Thomas' Hospital, London, visited the Hebrew University on Friday.

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Mr. A. Melamed, Acting Regional Supervisor of the Ministry of Education, will open an exhibition of Children's Gouaches at the Bezalel National Museum at 6 p.m. today.

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A lecture on Abraham Lincoln will be given under the auspices of the Israel-America Friendship League, Haifa, by Mr. Joseph T. Macpherson, Fulbright Scholar, at Beit Harofeh, tonight at 8.30. Admission free.

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On the occasion of the Annual George Washington Birthday Ball, Sunday evening, February 22, the Cafe Noga will be closed to the public. *(Advt.)*

BEN-GURION

(Continued from Page 1.)

are, and we ought to work together to enable those who are coming to be settled here."

The Prime Minister was asked whether Israel would have to resort again to a policy of massive retaliation if the U.N. was unable to solve the Syrian border problem.

A. There are two ifs. Firs of all, I don't think that the question cannot be solved, and I hope it will be..... If Syria is asked seriously by the U.N. to keep quiet and to observe the clauses of the Armistice Agreement, I think they will be quieter and there will be no need for any other measures.

Q. And the second if?

A. The first is enough.

Mr. Ben-Gurion was questioned closely on the long-standing dispute over the question "Who is a Jew?"

"We were Jews without a definition for the last 3,000 years and we will remain so," he replied. There were several definitions. There are also Jews without definition. "I am one of them. I don't need any definition. I am what I am."

The Prime Minister brought laughter when he replied to a question on mixed marriages.

Q. There are some young ladies from my country (Denmark)..... who want to marry Jews in this country and they are not allowed to do so. So they are forced to live in sin.

A. It depends largely on what is the definition of sin. We had a great leader, Moses. He married a Midianite girl and it was all right.

Asked why the Rumanians were permitting the Jews to leave, he answered simply that it was a matter of re-uniting families; "it was simply out of humane considerations."

Q. It has now gone far beyond reunification of families.

A. I wouldn't say that. It cannot be beyond, because I consider all Jews one family. If you want a new definition of what is a Jew.....

Q. It is a family.

A. It is, rather, a very old family.

Mr. Ben-Gurion was asked whether Israel's veteran inhabitants would not begin to object to taking in more immigrants.

Q. How long will it be before the revolution begins to run out of gas and people object to taking in more families.....?

A. I think the gas will be increased, and it is being increased ... We sacrificed more before we became an independent country.

The questioner had asked Mr. Ben-Gurion whether Israelis did not think it time to begin enjoying themselves, "to perhaps have a television network...."

A. *You see, after all, we have been living without television for 4,000 years.... There are more urgent needs which we have to satisfy. So we will remain another few years without television.... I can live without the cinema, I haven't been to the cinema for ten years and I could live without it.*

On Arab propaganda that Israel would have to expand because of the large immigration, the Prime Minister said, "They said it before. If I were an Arab I would be ashamed to say that, because Egypt is expanding every year by 500,000, by natural increase."

He then went on to show that there were still large expanses in Israel for expanding. He pointed out that only 20 per cent of the land is now being worked.

On relations with the Vatican, Mr. Ben-Gurion said, "With the new Pope it may come."

The Prime Minister was questioned on compulsory education. He said that plans were under foot to extend the eight years to 10.

Asked whether he had any intention of visiting the U.S., he said, "I don't see that I will very soon unless I will have to leave this office, which I hope I may do some time."

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LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
February 22, 1959

In the Supreme Court

Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justices Silberg, Goitein, Sussman and Landau.

The Tel Aviv Municipal Council, Applicants, v. Yosef Lubin, Respondent. (Rehearing 13/58)

Municipal Inspectors May Confiscate Pork Only After Conviction

The Supreme Court confirmed a previous decision of the High Court delivered on July 13, 1956 (in H.C. 163/57).

The Tel Aviv Municipal Council applied to the President of the Supreme Court to grant a rehearing of a case previously considered by the High Court and their application was allowed. The case concerned the interpretation of section 3 of the Local Authorities (Special Enablement) Law (which law gives local authorities the power to prohibit or restrict the raising of pigs and the sale of pork products in their municipal areas) and the validity of section 4 (a) (3) of the Tel Aviv (Pigs and Pork Products) By-Law, which empowers the Tel Aviv Municipal Inspectors to confiscate pork or pork products which they consider are intended for sale in the Tel Aviv Municipal area.

In the High Court decision, the President and Justice Sussman held that section 4 of the by-law is ultra vires the provisions contained in section 3 of the enabling law, in that it allows of the confiscation of a citizen's property without a court order. The president, however, was prepared to admit the municipal inspectors' right to confiscate the pork or pork products concerned without an express court order, after the person in possession of them had been found guilty by a court of law of intending them for sale. Justice Silberg, on the other hand, thought that section 4 of the by-law, insofar as it empowered the municipal inspectors to confiscate pork products intended for sale in the municipal area, was not ultra vires even though the confiscation was not made dependent on a court order. He held further that it was specifically intended that the confiscation should take place before the pork had been displayed or offered for sale in order to obviate any infringement of the law.

All three justices were of the opinion that the words "intended for sale" in section 3 of the enabling law pointed to the conclusion that the section should be construed as meaning that the municipal authorities could make any provisions regarding the confiscation of pork, even before the pork had been sold, or displayed or offered for sale — i.e. even before any offence had been committed. The president and Justice Sussman, however, qualified this conclusion with the decision that the confiscation could take place only after a court order had been received.

In the re-hearing, the respondent's Counsel concentrated on his original argument that section 3 of the enabling law should be construed as giving the local authorities the power to make provisions concerning the confiscation of pork only after the person in possession of the pork had been found guilty of intending it for sale in a prohibited area. The applicants' Counsel, on the other hand, sought to persuade the augmented court that section 4 of the by-law is not ultra vires the enabling law.

Section 3 of the enabling law states that when a local authority has imposed any prohibition or restriction on the sale of pork and pork products, it may provide, in a by-law, for the inspection, attachment or confiscation of such pork or pork products intended for sale to which the restrictions or prohibition apply.

Mr. Silbiger, assisted by Mr. Havlin-Dinai, appeared for the applicants and Mr. Vines for the respondent.

Judgment

Justice Landau, who delivered the first judgment of the Supreme Court, said that there was no need for him to consider Mr. Silbiger's exceptions to the majority decision of the High Court as he did not agree, in any case, that section 3 of the enabling law could be construed as meaning that the local authorities could confiscate pork — even after obtaining a court order — before the person in whose possession the pork is has been proved to have committed an offence in accordance with the enabling law: i.e. is proved to have displayed it, or offered it for sale, or sold it in a prohibited area.

In explaining his stand, Justice Landau pointed out that the problem was to discover, by means of a reasonable interpretation of the enabling law, the limit to which the local authorities may put the powers conferred on them by the legislator. For, he continued, it has already been held by the Supreme Court that when powers of secondary legislation are conferred in general terms, this does not mean that the secondary legislator may put these powers to whatever use he thinks fit. On the contrary, the secondary legislation must be aimed at achieving the design of the enabling law and it must be reasonable, in the light of that design, or else it would be ultra vires (see H.C. 98/54, P.D. 10/40 and H.C. 129/57, P.D. 12/215).

And when, continued Justice Landau, the intention of the legislator in the enabling law is in doubt, then it must be sought in the law as a whole. In addition, it must be presumed that the legislator had no intention of violating the general principles which form the basis of our legal system, and which include the principles of natural justice with regard to legal procedure. Furthermore, insofar as the material law is concerned, it must be presumed that the legislator had no intention of violating the principle of the rule of law, on which our unwritten constitution is based, and deprive a citizen of his property without any express or implied provision of the law.

In this spirit, held Justice Landau, he had approached the dissection of section 3 of the enabling law, the intention behind which was hedged with many a doubt, while refraining from allowing the sensitive background of hate and disgust which observant, and even non-observant, Jews have for the pig to influence his interpretation, and while bearing in mind that the enabling law had no intention whatsoever of allowing the local authorities to prohibit the eating of pork or the possession of it.

He then analyzed section 3 in great detail with particular emphasis on the meaning of "intended for sale" and on the word "apply" ("halim") in the phrase "to which the restrictions and prohibition apply," referring to the draft law and the debate in the Knesset in order to show why he had come to the conclusion that the power to confiscate pork and pork products must be tied to an offence and cannot be considered as a purely preventive measure.

Justice Landau then went on to discuss whether the power to confiscate, even when tied to the commission of an offence, could be given to the municipality's inspectors on the strength only of their decision that an offence had been committed, or whether the alleged offender must first be found guilty by a court of law before confiscation could take place. In deciding in favour of the latter alternative, he held that the by-law may provide that after a person has been found guilty of an offence in connection with the pork or pork products then the municipal inspectors may confiscate the pork administratively, without a court order.

In conclusion, Justice Landau held that section 4(a)(2) of the Tel Aviv Municipal

IT'S THE LAW

LEAVING a car without removing the ignition key is an offence. (Road Transport Regulations, 1953.)

By-Law is *ultra vires* to the extent to which it allows of confiscation of pork before the person in possession of it has been found guilty of an offence, concluding his judgment with two remarks: that the court had not been called upon to decide whether the inspectors may confiscate live pigs under the by-law; and that the powers to inspect and attach pork and pork products must be distinguished from the power to confiscate them, as the former are necessary for purposes of bringing the alleged offender to trial.

Justice Silberg

Justice Silberg remained adamant in his opinion that the municipal inspectors may confiscate pork and pork products without a court order and without the previous conviction of the possessors of the pork, pointing out that he was well aware of the sacrosanctity of the citizen's property, but that this should not be allowed to blind the eyes of the court to other, equally sacred, principles, such as the fact that property is not only worldly and material but consists also of spiritual, moral, religious, traditional and national assets, whose value far outweighs that of mere lucre.

And in any case, he continued, there was no need here for the application of those laws of interpretation which demand consideration of the individual's basic rights and of the laws of natural justice, since the legislator's intention was in no doubt and did not require any interpretation.

The only remaining question to be considered, therefore, he said is whether the general policy of the legislator does not call for manipulating the letter of the law in order to confine the confiscatory powers of the inspectors to the period after the offender had been convicted. And in his opinion the answer to this question was an unequivocal no. For the purpose behind the law was obviously to restrict the eating of pork by means of prohibiting its sale. Furthermore, it was even possible that the feelings of nausea and disgust which the very sight of the pork displayed in the shop windows and on the counters of butcher shops arouse in the Jewish population — and not necessarily only in the very religious — had moved the legislator to permit, for purposes of public hygiene, its immediate confiscation, in the same manner as food unfit for human consumption may be destroyed without any court order, in accordance with the Public Health Ordinance. In other words, he held, there was sufficient doubt as to the general policy of the legislator to preclude any twisting of the letter of the enabling law.

Justice Silberg then went on to consider, in great detail, the meaning of the phrase "intended for sale" and of the word "apply" *(halim)* in order to prove his point that section 3 of the enabling law quite clearly gives the local authorities the power to confiscate pork before any offence has been committed.

In conclusion, he expressed the opinion that the legislator had permitted confiscation of this nature so that those local authorities which are wholly or partly composed of observant Jews should not be compelled to perform the distasteful task of preserving the pork in cold storage until such time as the trial of the accused had passed through all three instances — which could take two years.

The President

The president, in concurring with Justice Landau, said that the Knesset itself had not wished to interfere with the freedom of the individual and had passed the buck to the local authorities, limiting their powers of interference, however, so as to preclude any prohibition against the eating of pork and pork products or their possession, even if intended for sale.

No one disputed the fact, he continued, that section 3 of the enabling law allows the local authorities to make provisions concerning the confiscation of pork and pork products. The only point at issue is what may be confiscated: what is prohibited or what is not prohibited.

After discussing this question with reference to Mr. Silbiger's arguments, he concluded that if the inspectors were enabled to confiscate pork before it was offered or displayed for sale then this would be tantamount to enabling them to confiscate pork merely because it was in someone's possession — and this was interference with the freedom of the individual such as the law had not intended permitting.

Confiscation, he continued, was in fact intended as a preventive measure, but merely in order to prevent a person who had been found guilty of offering or displaying pork for sale, and been fined for his offence, from remaining with it, and then selling it, as confiscation is not included in the punishments to be meted out to offenders. In other words, he held, the intention is that confiscation should take place after the offender has been found guilty by a court of law.

And as to Justice Silberg's fears of having to preserve the pork in question for as long as two years, first of all, said the president, the fact that a certain amount of inconvenience might be caused is not a reason for justifying an interpretation of the law which the legislator had never intended; and, secondly, there was some exaggeration in the period quoted by Justice Silberg as criminal cases are usually despatched with in a considerably shorter time by the Supreme Court.

Justice Sussman

Justice Sussman said that he had been persuaded by Mr. Vines' arguments that the most logical interpretation of section 3 of the enabling law is that the confiscation by the municipal inspectors may take place only after the offender has been found guilty by a court of law. He expressed the hope that in the near future the legislator would make its intention quite clear and unequivocal by restating it in unambiguous terms.

Justice Goitein

Justice Goitein said that although he could not understand why his colleagues found so much difficulty in interpreting the meaning of section 3 of the enabling law and section 4 of the Tel Aviv by-law, he concurred with Justice Landau that pork or pork products should not be confiscated until such time as an offender had been charged and convicted. If the Knesset had intended to give local authorities the right to confiscate pork before the offender had been tried, he said, they should have said so categorically and unambiguously.

The original decision of the High Court, with the appropriate amendment, was confirmed by majority decision of the Supreme Court. The applicants were ordered to pay IL250 costs.

Judgment given on January 30, 1959.

Kinneret Water Is Fit to Drink

Haifa Technion engineers have determined that Lake Kinneret water can be pumped to the south for consumption and irrigation purposes without necessitating installations of expensive purification units.

The engineers recently completed a survey proving the feasibility of using Sea of Galilee water for drinking as well as irrigation purposes in agricultural development areas in the south of the country.

The survey was made at the request of Tahal to determine the extent to which the water could serve domestic purposes without expensive purification.

Although Galilee Sea water has been in continuous use for drinking in the populated areas around the lake, it was thought the long distance over which it was to be pumped might require more expensive purification units.

The broad programme of testing at various places and depths was conducted in the general Kinneret area from which the water will be pumped.

A second investigation recently completed contains the results of a survey conducted at the southern end of the lake, and points to suitable methods for keeping the water uncontaminated around the intake pipes for pumping to the Yavniel Valley. The Technion experts warned of measures needed in order to assure a continuation of the present quality of the water in this section of the lake, around whose banks heavy concentrations of population are located.

Indianapolis Symphony Salutes Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV (USIS). — The Indianapolis Symphony Orchestra will present a "musical salute" to Tel Aviv on the occasion of its 50th anniversary on Sunday (today). The concert, under the baton of Mr. Izler Solomon, will feature Ben Haim's First Symphony.

Accompanying the "salute" will be greetings voiced by Mr. Charles H. Boswell, Acting Mayor of Indianapolis, and Mr. Abba Eban, Israel Ambassador to the U.S.

The two-hour programme will be tape-recorded and broadcast by Kol Yisrael at a later date.

In his letter to Mayor Haim Levanon announcing the special musical event, Mr. Boswell expressed the hope that the "salute" would be "an expression not only of friendship, but also of the desire of the people of Indianapolis to come closer to the people of Tel Aviv and, indeed, all Israel."

Preparations are already under way for a return salute from the people of Tel Aviv, which would be broadcast over an Indianapolis radio station.

The Indianapolis Symphony Orchestra, although barely 30 years old, is counted among the 10 best orchestras of the U.S. Mr. Izler Solomon, who is the Orchestra's Permanent Conductor since 1936, is well known to the local public from his appearances with the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

ARRIVALS: El Al 422 from Munich and Vienna, 6.55. El Al 406 from Istanbul, 1630. Air France 193 from Tokyo, Manila, Saigon, Bangkok, Karachi and Teheran, 1730. B.E.A. 126 from London, Rome and Athens, 2250. El Al 210 from N.Y., Paris and Rome, 2955. Swissair 322 from Zurich and Athens, 0005. (Monday).

DEPARTURES: T.W.A. 741 to Athens, Rome, Zurich, Frankfurt and N.Y. 0845. El Al 405, to Istanbul, 0900. B.E.A. 129, to Athens, Zurich and London, 0920. Alitalia 499 to Rome, 1200. El Al 201 to Athens, Zurich, London and N.Y., 1500. Air France 193, to Rome and Paris, 1830.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 249 & 41.7 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m., 1.30, 8.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m. English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m. 6.30 a.m. Service (R). 6.37 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R), 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Popular Concert: Mozart: Overture "The Magic Flute." Liszt: "Mazeppa." Schumann: "Carnival," opus 9. Marrucci: Nocturne. 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.15 Lunchtime Music. 1.00 Military Bands: The Wind Ensemble of the Kol Yisrael Orchestra. 1.30 Immigrants' Corner. 1.45 Where to Go? 1.50 Light Music. 2.30 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. News broadcasts in Serbo-Croat, English, Swedish and Spanish. 5.05 Popular Songs and Melodies. 5.30 Oriental Music Request Programme. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Daily Hebrew. 6.35 Interlude. 6.40 Sports. 7.20 Let's Sing a new Song. 7.40 Light Music. 8.00 "Round Table." 8.30 Light Music played by Famous Artists. 8.50 Bible Reading: Yehezkel, Chap. 15 & 16. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 Concert by the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra. 10.15 Light Music by Offenbach. 10.45 "At the Piano," Zipora Miron. 11.00 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
422, 400, 202.7, 41.7 & 33.3 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.00 Music for Sunday: Verdi: Four Sacred Pieces. 6.45 Tunes by Giacomasi.

7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Mograbit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 Rumanian. 9.15 Hungarian. 9.30 Polish. 9.45 News in English. 10.00 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME (Including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15 and 5.30-11.15 p.m. Persian 5.15 p.m.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (31.3 M.): Programme to South Africa: 6.30 News. 6.40 "Sunday Column" — Walter Eytan. 6.45 "Silent Sodom."

Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 News. 10.22 "Sunday Column" — Walter Eytan. 10.30 "Land of the Bible."

ARMY PROGRAMME (48.4, 216, 225 & 235 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Songs. 7.00 News. 7.15 Sports. 7.30 "Star of the Evening." 7.45 "From Strength to Strength." 8.00 Light Music. 8.30 "Story & Tune" — Prokofieff. 9.00 News. 9.15 "Pleasant Tune." 9.30 Weekly Announcements. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (19.66, 16.86, 12.92, 12.82): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Talk. International Commentary. Britain in Science, Trade and Industry.

MUSIC U.S.A. (19 & 25 M.): Voice of America: 9.00—11.00 p.m. Light music & jazz.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 495 M.): 7.45 a.m. News 1.30 p.m. News. 4.30 Sandy Macpherson at the Theatre Organ. 7.00 News. 7.10 Books worth reading — talk. 7.30 Songs of the Emerald Isle. 10.00 Bob Browning in the Chronicles of Clovis. 10.15 The Montreux Bach Choir. 10.45 Violin Recital by Campoli. 11.00 News.

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Cinemas

JERUSALEM

2.30, 6.45 and 8.45
ARNON: The Restless Years
EDEN: The Brothers Karamazov
OR GIL: Around the World in 80 Days. 5, 8.30.
ORION: The Hypnotist
ORNA: In Love and War
RON: Indiscreet
SEMADAR: The Cranes are Flying
ZION HALL: The Amazing Colossal Man
TEL OR: Liane the Jungle Girl
EDISON: Song of the Red Flower
STUDIO: La sorcière

TEL AVIV

2.30, 7.15, 9.15
ALLENBY: Jacobowsky and the Colonel. 3.30, 7, 8.30
ARMON DAVID: Charmants garçons
CHEN: The Tin Star
EDEN: Dance of Love. 3.30, 6.45, 8.45
ESTHER: High School Confidential
GAT: Christine. 4, 7.30, 9.30
MAXIM: Christine
HOGRABI: The Key
HIGDALOR: A Night to Remember
OPHIR: Hot Spell
ORION: Marjorie Morningstar. 2.30, 7, 9.15
PEER: Incognito
SHDEROTH: L'amant de Lady Chatterley
TAMAR: Legend of the Lost
TCHELET: When Love begins in Warsaw. 5.45, 7.30, 9.30
YARON: The Camp on Blood Island
ZAMIR: Maisa de Montmartre
TEL AVIV: The Inn of the Sixth Happiness. 5.15, 8.45, 9.30
ZAFON: Patterns of Power

HAIFA

2.30, 6.45, 9
AMPHITHEATRE: Rally Round the Flag, Boys!
ORAH: An Angel Passed in Brooklyn
ATEMON: The Unholy Wife
GAR OR: I Died a Thousand Times
ORION: The Great Dictator
MORIAH: Les Girls
PEER: No Time for Sergeants
MIRON: OPENING SHORTLY.
ARMON: Les amants
EN DOR: Top Boots
ORLY: Ill Met by Moonlight
MAY: La chatte

RAMAT GAN

RAMAT GAN: La traversée de Paris

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Tuesday, Feb. 24 — Wednesday, Feb. 25
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Where to go

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Tourists invited to meet Israelis at home. Information at Government Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa.

JERUSALEM

• **Tours:**—
Hebrew University conducted tour to English, daily at 12 noon, New University Campus.

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• **Zoo:**—
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo. 8-4.

• **Film Shows:** —
Israel Films daily, 11.30 a.m. Keren Hayesood Hall.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Margrit Eichelberg: gouaches, pastels, drawings, collages and mosaics. Nora Studio, 9 Maimon Ave. 10-1, 3-4.
"Sculpture in Israel 1948-1958." Artists' House, 10-1, 4-6.
New finds from excavations of the French Archaeological Mission at Beersheba. Chalcolithic Ossuaries from Azor. Department of Antiquities, 29 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. 9-1, 3-5.
Permanent exhibition of Jewish ceremonial art. Expressionism (last week). Archaeological pieces. Samples of primitive sculpture. Bezalel Museum, 9-1; 2.30-4.

TEL AVIV

• **Exhibitions:**—
Exhibition of seventeenth century Dutch art, Helena Rubinstein Pavilion of the Tel Aviv Museum, 10 a.m.—10 p.m.
Modern Art in Israel. Artists' & Sculptors' Gallery, Beit Hamalin, 26 Rehov Weizmann, 10-1 4-7.

• **Z.O.A. House:**—
Dina Avrech. Piano recital, 8.30.

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Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 22220.
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• **Exhibitions:**
Consumer Goods Exhibition: Leather Products. Industrial Design Exhibition Centre, Beit Hakranot, Haifa, 10-1; 4-7. (Mondays and Tuesdays: 10-1; 4-9).

EFAR WARDURG

• **Theatre:**—
Habimah, "A Touch of the Poet," 8.

ORCHESTRA
Concert Schedule for Week
Feb. 22-Feb. 28:
TEL AVIV
Mann Auditorium
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FALSTAFF
Last Performances
MONDAY, February 23
TUESDAY, February 24
Limited number of tickets available at Mann Auditorium Box Office (Rehov Huberman) and I.P.O. Offices, 56 Allenby Road, Daily 10-1, 4-6.
Reduction to Subscribers

Subscription Concert No. 6
Conductor: JEAN FOURNET
Soloist: YEHUDI MENUHIN (Violin)
Programme: Mozart: "Linz" Symphony, Bloch: Violin Concerto, Debussy: "La Mer", Dukas: "L'Apprenti Sorcier".
TEL AVIV
Mann Auditorium
at 8.30 p.m.
Wed. March 4 — Series 1
Sun. March 8 — Series 2 — Workers
Mon. March 9 — Series 3
Sun. March 15 — Series 4

Special Subscription Concert No. 6
Tuesday, March 10
JERUSALEM
Binyanei Ha'ooma at 8.30
Thursday, March 5
HAIFA
Armon Theatre at 9 p.m.

Subscription Concert No. 5
Thurs. March 12 — Series 3
Wed. March 18 — Series 1
Thurs. March 19 — Series 2
Limited number of tickets available at Ginsburg-Yuval's Office, 28 Rehov Herzl, as from Monday, March 2.

REMINDER
TO PURCHASERS OF IMMIGRATION BONDS
Purchasers of Immigration Bonds who are paying in instalments are hereby reminded that payment is now due to banks on the February instalment.
IMMIGRATION LOAN DIRECTORATE

Z.O.A. HOUSE
Wednesday, February 25, 1959, 8.30 p.m.
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Park Hotel 75 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 23206. Centre of Tel Aviv on the Sea Shore. Comfortable rooms, with telephone, hot and cold water, private bath and shower, excellent Kosher Cuisine, Bar, Music nightly.

Dwellings—Premises

FOR SALE: new, 2-room flat with central heating, hot running water, two balconies, 4th floor, King George Avenue, opposite Terra Sancta. Apply: No. 555, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

WANTED to rent: 2-room flat, furnished, near centre, Jerusalem. Write: No. 884, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

TEMPORARY resident (Dutch) seeks 1-2 room furnished accommodation from approximately April 1, North Tel Aviv, Ramat Gan, or Herzliya. Apply No. 2837, P.O.B. 1135, Tel Aviv.

TO LET: elegant bed-sitting rooms; separate entrance, excellent service, opposite Dan Hotel. Phone 23428, Tel Aviv.

Gifts

ORANGES, grapefruit, for export, presents for abroad "Transorient," 2 Rehov Har Sinai; 53 Nahlat Binyamin, Tel Aviv, Tel. 66379; Haifa: 35 Rehov Hanamal, 13 Rehov Bialik, 6 Rehov Herzl, Jerusalem: 13 Rehov Ben Maimon, 18 Rehov Hamelech David.

Lessons

LEARN to dance in 5 lessons. "Sami" 26 Sderot Keren Kayemet, Tel Aviv.

Optics—Photos

Wieler's Baby Photos
(home service) Tel. 20408, 64 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech, Tel Aviv.

Purchase—Sale

BUYS Electric refrigerators, used or unused, in any condition. "Dein," 2 Rehov Erlanger, Central Bus Station. Tel. 31113, Tel Aviv.

Situations Vacant

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER to work in English, with excellent knowledge of Hebrew, required for full time position. Please call for appointment: Simon Schmidt & Associates Ltd., Tel. 67832, Tel Aviv.

NATANYA area: Wanted part time bookkeeper, with knowledge of English, previous experience essential. Write in confidence to Isaacs, P.O.B. 77, Beit Yitzhak.

WANTED independent Hebrew-English secretary. Experience in insurance field an asset. Please apply in writing, giving full particulars to: "Secretary," P.O.B. 2592, Tel Aviv.

HAIFA district: opportunity for energetic man to sell high-grade preserves on commission. Own transport an advantage. Write to "S.C.," P.O.B. 1639, Tel Aviv.

Situations Wanted

EXCELLENT English - French shorthand-typist, knows Hebrew, German, seeks position. No. 2829, P.O.B. 1135, Tel Aviv.

CAPABLE, very reliable lady, wishes to run house for diplomat, club, or institution. Speaks four languages. Reply No. 2828, P.O.B. 1135, Tel Aviv.

Vehicles

FORD car 1953 for sale, IL.1,500. Phone 3479, Jerusalem.

WANTED to buy: private car English make, 1956-57. Direct offers only to "Car," P.O.B. 868, Tel Aviv.

WANTED: tourist car, Sedan, convertible. Write No. 17985, P.O.B. 1334, Tel Aviv.

Mizrachi Women's Organization of America

invite you to tour their projects and visit their tourist clubs at:

TEL AVIV: 16 Ben Yehuda St. Tel. 20187
JERUSALEM: 60 Rashi St. Tel. 2046
HAIFA: 75 Arlosoroff St. Tel. 62511

Today's Postbags

The Weather

FORECAST: Generally fair.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Carmel	46	9	8	10
Tiberias	50	6	15	16
Haifa Port	44	7	14	15
Natanya	48	5	15	16
Tel Aviv Port	51	6	13	15
Lydda Airport	49	3	14	15
Jerusalem	39	1	8	10
Beersheba	43	0	13	14
Sdom	59	11	19	19
Eilat	64	9	27	18

A) Humidity at 5 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Maurice Fischer, Assistant Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, from six weeks in Paris, Rome and Strasbourg. (by El Al).

Mr. E.E. Cole, representative of the West Nigerian Government, to study citrus packing methods for three months, as the guest of the Citrus Marketing Board, from Rome. (by El Al).

Mr. Charles H. Jordan, Director-General of J.D.C., for consultations with Government officials.

Mr. Maurice Pollack of Quebec Province, Canada, a leader of the Mizrahi Organization and the Israel Bond Campaign.

DEPARTURES

Commander Sir Stephen King-Hall, after a visit as a guest of the Government, for Paris. (by El Al).

Mr. M. Bartal, head of the Histadrut Production Councils Division, for Bangalore, India, to participate in an International Labour Organization conference on problems of production in Asia. (by El Al).

Labour Council Asks Keter Be Dismantled

RAMAT GAN. — The Labour Council here on Friday gave instructions to its lawyer to request a court order to dismantle the Keter textile and nylon plant.

The Keter factory, owned by Mendel Hagler and his son, has not paid its 90 employees for up to three months and work stopped at the plant two weeks ago. The Labour Council says that the employers owe IL34,000 in wages in addition to social benefits.

Since work stopped, employees have been picketing the plant day and night to prevent the owners from taking equipment away. Representatives of Income and Purchase Tax authorities have already impounded equipment valued at IL130,000 from the factory. Before the work stoppage Mr. Hagler gave each employee goods worth IL60 on account for wages.

El Al Host To Dutch Travel Agents

LYDDA. — A group of seven Dutch travel agents arrived here on Thursday night for a five-day visit as the guests of El Al.

They are: Mr. J. Waterman of the Wagons-Lits/Cook Agency of Amsterdam; Mr. S.J. Mossel of De Vries and Company of Amsterdam; Mr. Paping of the Lissone-Lindeman NV. agency of The Hague; Mr. de Booy of American Express in Rotterdam; Mr. K. Binnerts of the Pulman Club of The Hague; Mr. W. Bakker of the Netherlands Reisvereeniging of The Hague, and Mr. Pipper of Hoyman and Schuurman's of Amsterdam.

Three Journalists Guests of Gov't

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Three journalists arrived here on Friday aboard an El Al plane for a visit as the guests of the Government. They are Mr. Knud Bavngaar, of the "Gyllands Postn." of Denmark; Dr. A. K. Margerison, of the "New Scientist," England; and Mr. Bert Fireman, of the "Arizona Republic," the U.S.

Youth Aliya Chiefs Guests of President

A group of over 100 founders, leaders and educators of Youth Aliya were on Friday guests at Beit Hanassi on the occasion of the institution's 29th anniversary. The short ceremony was opened by the head of the Youth Aliya Department of the Jewish Agency, Mr. Moshe Kol, and by Mrs. Recha Freier, who initiated the original rescue immigration of children from Nazi Germany.

Youth Aliya and settlement leaders who were connected with the first group of children to be brought from Germany also spoke. These were Dr. Hanoch Reinhold, who brought the first group of children; Mr. David Umansky; and Messrs. A. Ilsling and S. Svurai of Ein Harod which received the first group.

Other Greetings

The ceremony also heard greetings from the Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive, Mr. Zalman Shazar; from the Director of the Religious Youth Village, Mr. A. Michaelis, and from the Director of the Youth Aliya Institute at Alonei Yitzhak, Mr. Y. Harif.

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi, who were both active in work for the Youth Aliya, spoke of their contacts with the first head of the organization, Henrietta Szold. The President also called to educate Youth Aliya wards in the spirit of Hebrew tradition.

Rahel Ben-Zvi Awarded Henrietta Szold Prize

Jerusalem Post Reporter

In the presence of the President and Hadassah and Youth Aliya leaders, Mrs. Rahel Ben-Zvi was on Friday noon handed the Henrietta Szold Annual Award and Citation for Humanitarian Services at Beit Hanassi in Jerusalem.

As tears filled her eyes, Mrs. Ben-Zvi accepted the award from Dr. Miriam Freund, National President of Hadassah. Mrs. Ben-Zvi stated that the $1,000 cash gift which the award carries would go to the Beit Hanassi Fund for Children's Libraries.

(Announcement of the Award was made in New York on February 4 at Hadassah's midwinter conference.)

'Free Jewish Youth'

It had been "a privilege to work with Miss Szold in the early days for the renaissance of our people in the State of Israel and the ingathering of the children," Mrs. Ben-Zvi said. Youth Aliya had made "free Jewish youth" of the children from many countries who had come here, she continued.

Speakers at the ceremony were Mrs. Esther Gottesman, National Treasurer of Hadassah; and Mrs. Myriam Granott, Chairman of the Hadassah Council in Israel. Among those present were Mr. M. Kol, Director of Youth Aliya; Dr. K.J. Mann, Director General of the H.M.O.; and Mrs. Gershon Agron.

Dr. Freund, Mrs. Gottesman, Mrs. H. Shulman, the Hadassah Honorary Vice-President; and Mr. Chemjo Vinaver were among the dinner guests on Friday of Dr. and Mrs. I. E. Nebenzahl in Jerusalem. Dr. Nebenzahl is the Chairman of the H.M.O. Israel Committee.

West African Gov'ts Invite Gadna Youths

A group of 16 Gadna members from the last three grades of the Kfar Galim Secondary Agricultural School are due to leave for a month's visit to Ghana, Liberia and Nigeria next month, as guests of those Governments.

The group, which also includes a Druse boy from Isfiya, will be headed by the Director of the Youth Division of the Ministry of Defence, Mr. Dov Nishri.

107 IMMIGRANTS arrived at Lydda Airport from Eastern Europe aboard two planes on Friday and were taken to their new homes in various parts of the country.

SUN GREETS ISRAEL— BUT IT WON'T LAST

Jerusalem Post Staff

Sunshine and blue skies greeted Israel on the Sabbath after a week of steady rain. In many parts of the country, temperatures rose to springtime levels, but although Jerusalem shared in the sunshine, thermometers in the Capital rose to only eight degrees.

Tiberias was the warmest place in Israel with a recorded 18 degrees. Eilat was just below, with 17 degrees. Tel Aviv had 13, Haifa 14 and Natanya 15.

In Tel Aviv, tens of thousands of strollers thronged the centre of the city and gay colours and spring attire were much in evidence. One cafe sold ice cream again, and had many customers.

The weatherman at Lydda Airport promised another fine day for Sunday, but his expectations were more somber for Sunday night and Monday. Sunday night should be cold again, with frost in the lowlands and valleys. Grey skies and possibly rain were expected to make a return visit Monday.

Blanket of Snow

Upper Galilee had a white blanket Friday morning, but it melted a few hours later. The temperature was exactly zero.

Meanwhile, police continued searching for the body of the victim in Thursday's flash flood at Wadi Beersheba. They said Mrs. Plina Maruani had reported that her husband, Shimon, had left for work Thursday evening in the direction of the wadi and had disappeared.

TEL AVIV SONG WINNER NAMED

TEL AVIV. — Mordechai Ze'ira has won the IL500 Municipal Prize for composing the "Jubilee Song" for this city's 50th anniversary, the Municipality announced on Friday. Yitzhak Shalev, the poet, wrote the lyrics.

The song is being orchestrated and will be distributed to orchestras and school choirs.

Asked for Prutot, Got Pounds Instead

BEERSHEBA. — What can you do about a man who is paid 1,000 times the amount his postal order calls for and refuses to give it back? This is the question bothering Beersheba Police.

The recipient of the windfall admits freely he presented a 135 pruta postal order for payment and was given IL135. But he won't give it back. He said he was expecting an order for the larger amount from someone else.

The clerk who made the thousand-fold error has been notified that he will have to make up the difference if the authorities can not get the money back.

Karl Loewy Dies In Jerusalem at 75

Karl Loewy, the German-language journalist, died in Jerusalem from a heart attack on Wednesday. He was 75.

He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Judith Loewy.

Karl Loewy, who was born in Gleiwitz, Upper Silesia, started his career in pre-World War I Berlin, working for several dailies and news agencies in his specialties of politics and economics. An early immigrant to this country, he was for a number of years Palestine and Near East correspondent of the "Sozialdemokratischer Pressedienst," the official news service of the German Labour Party, both dissolved when Hitler rose to power in 1933.

In the middle '30's, Loewy lived for some time in Paris, where he published a weekly "Der Ausweg," mainly devoted to migration and settlement problems. After World War II, he was the first representative in this country of the "Deutsche Presse-Agentur" and during the last few years he was correspondent for "Der Tagesspiegel" of Berlin, "Kieler Nachrichten," "Die Gegenwart" (Frankfurt) and several other German publications.

In Loewy, journalism has lost a man of strong convictions, integrity and great gifts; his colleagues mourn a warm-hearted friend. *E.G.*

Kahanowitz Buried In Capital

Thousands of mourners from town and village paid their last respects to Matityahu Kahanowitz on Friday when he was buried in Har Hamenuhot Cemetery in Jerusalem 10 days after he died of a stroke in Chicago. Kahanowitz was a leading figure in the various agricultural settlement agencies and at his death was head of the Jewish Agency Hill Settlement Department.

The bier was first placed in the National Institutions Building in Rehavia where the deceased was eulogized by the Chairman of the Agency Executive, Mr. Zalman Shazar. At the graveside he was eulogized by the Minister of Finance and head of the Agency Settlement Department, Mr. Levi Eshkol. Among the mourners were Mrs. Rahel Ben-Zvi, members of the Agency Executive, Knesset Members and many settlers from the Negev and from the hills of Galilee and Jerusalem.

EDISON Tel. 4056
The superbly beautiful Swedish
Song of The Red Flower
Starring: Jarl Kulle, Anita Bjork ("Miss Julie"), Ulla Jacobsson ("She Danced One Summer")
Eastmancolor — Agascope
Hebrew, English subtitles
Not to be missed!

Wet Fields Cancel Football Card

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — No League football was played on Saturday, after the Football Association on Friday decided to cancel the entire card.

The emergency meeting was called by the Association after many clubs complained that their pitches were waterlogged and unfit for play.

On Saturday, however, the clubs had cause to regret their hasty decision. Brilliant morning sunshine quickly dried most pitches by the afternoon, but most disappointed were the thousands of regular fans who considered the weather ideal for football.

Normally, only the referee can cancel a match because of wet grounds.

Ashkelon-Hartuv Cycle Race Won in 268 Mins.

TEL AVIV. — Emil Devy of Nahariya Hapoel on Saturday won the 135 kilometre cycle race from Ashkelon to Hartuv and back. His time was 4 hours 28.07 minutes.

Second, exactly nine minutes later, came Victor Ohalon, of Ashkelon Hapoel. Third was Shlomo Levy of Ramle Hapoel in 4 hours 51.17 minutes.

Ten cyclists pedalled from Ashkelon past Kastina, Kiryat Gat, Beit Govrin to Hartuv and then returned over the same route.

HOLON HAPOEL WINS

The Holon Hapoel basketball team on Saturday beat Jerusalem Maccabi 83-60 (32-24 at half-time) in a game played at the Y.M.C.A. in Jerusalem.

Egyptian Pressure Bars Army Teams

TEL AVIV. — The Israel Defence Forces have been refused membership in the International Military Sports Organization because of Egyptian pressure, Aluf-Mishne S. Socher, Officer-in-Charge of Physical Training, told the press last week.

A/M Socher said French Army officials fought for the admission of Israel but were unsuccessful. On top of it all, the French Army was censured by the organization for playing football and basketball with Israel Army teams. Israel diplomatic representatives were still negotiating with the organization, he added. In the meantime, no international sports contests have been scheduled for Defence Forces teams this year.

Military sports within the Defence Forces this year, he said, will stress endurance. Army sports finals will begin with events from Monday to Wednesday of this week.

These will include an 85-kilometre fast march with battle kit over rough terrain, tugs-of-war, and a pentathlon contest consisting of obstacle race, grenade throwing, shooting, casualty evacuation and a five-kilometre run.

Army boxing championships will not be held this year because of the low level of performance, he said. Table tennis championships were also cancelled.

Changes Mooted In Religious Councils

The Minister of Religious Affairs, Rabbi Y.M. Toledano, is investigating the composition of local Religious Councils with an eye to guaranteeing greater representation to religious groups and communities that are now inadequately represented, the Ministry spokesman announced on Saturday night.

He denied rumours that it was intended to coopt non-religious persons to the councils.

Human Torch Doused in Pool

TEL AVIV. — A 16-year-old Jaffa boy who changed his mind about committing suicide after he had already set his clothes afire, was saved on Thursday when he jumped into a pool of water near his home.

The boy, who had been involved in an argument with his parents, doused himself with kerosene and struck a match. The sight of the flames, however, frightened him and he ran out screaming for help.

The boy was taken to Donolo Hospital where he was treated for superficial burns. *(Itim)*

Dr. Kagan Trying To End Hospital Strike

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Dr. Helena Kagan, a pediatrician and Freeman of Jerusalem, on Saturday took the first of a series of steps to bring to an end the three-week-old doctors' strike at Bikur Holim Hospital.

Dr. Kagan, who returned to Israel at 4 a.m. on Friday from a trip to England on behalf of Wizo, heads the Children's Ward in the hospital.

She scheduled her first meeting with the Hospital's directorate on Saturday evening, a second with the directorate and representatives of the Medical Association at noon on Sunday and a third with the hospital's physicians on Sunday evening.

"I hope," Dr. Kagan told *The Jerusalem Post*, "that the strike will end soon. I hope that wisdom will prevail over clashes between personalities. The strike is a disaster."

The doctors stopped work to press their demands for the speedy payment of salary increments and various severance pay settlements.

Herzl's Promise Finally Kept

LYDDA AIRPORT. — A promise made by Theodor Herzl and Menahem Ussishkin over 50 years ago to invite the president of the Canton of Basle to the Jewish State when it was created has finally been kept. The President of the Canton in which the first Zionist Congresses were held, Mr. Max Wullschleger, and his wife, arrived in Israel on Friday by El Al from Zurich for a 10-day visit as guests of the Jewish Agency.

Mr. Wullschleger brought a gift for President Ben-Zvi from the Canton, but refused to disclose its contents, saying it was meant to be a surprise.

TWO NEW Ramat Gan streets will be named after the late Knesset Speaker, Yosef Sprinzak, and the author Sholom Aleichem, the Ramat Gan Municipality decided on Thursday night.

Rumour Sends Polish Villagers Asking for 'Free Land' in Alaska

WARSAW (UPI) — Rumours of free land in Alaska and jobs for the asking in the U.S. kept a steady stream of would-be emigrants coming to the U.S. Consulate here on Thursday.

The rumours, which have spread like wildfire through the forest villages of the Siemityce area, east of Warsaw, not far from the Russian border, have sent more than 1,000 prospective emigrants on the 70-mile journey to Warsaw in the past several days, despite U.S. Embassy and local newspaper denials.

At one time the crowd in the driveway between the U.S. Consulate and the neighbouring Embassy building was so great that First Secretary Thomas Donovan made an open-air speech in Polish to assure them the rumours were false.

Some of the would-be emigrants heard there was free land in Alaska for the asking. Others had understood the U.S. was seeking from 3,500 to 35,000 workers, or as many as 400,000 Polish families. The victims of the rumours also believed the U.S. was ready to pay all transport costs to the mythical farms and jobs.

U.S. Consulate officials spent days explaining repeatedly that the immigration visa requirements — a Polish passport and sponsorship by close relatives in America — were unchanged.

Readers Warned

The official party newspaper "Gazeta Bialostocka," circulating in the Siemiatyce area, warned its readers that a rumoured new Polish-American emigration agreement was "non-existent."

It blamed the rumours on "a gang of cheats" selling phoney U.S. visa application forms for 20 to 50 zlotys ($1.20 to $2 at tourist rate). A similar swindle had been carried out in Cracow recently by confidence men peddling French immigration visa forms.

About 2,500 Poles emigrated last year to the U.S. Consulate officials said the present Polish Government was cooperative in granting passports to emigrants who fulfilled the American requirements of sponsorship by close relatives in the U.S.

Broader Powers Urged For Probation Officer

Jerusalem Post Reporter

An amendment to the criminal code which would oblige the courts to ask the opinion of a probation officer before sentencing certain categories of criminals is scheduled to come up for its first reading before the Knesset, it was stated at a press conference in Jerusalem on Friday by senior Ministry of Welfare officials.

At present Courts need consult the probation authorities only with regard to male offenders up to the age of 16 and female offenders up to the age of 18.

The amendment entitles the Minister of Justice to make such consultation mandatory in certain types of offences. It is hoped, moreover, that this power will be used to raise to 20 the age till which an offender has the protection of the probation service. It is felt that in this way psychological and social factors would be given greater weight in fixing the seriousness of the accused's offence and the chances of his rehabilitation.

A National Probation Council is shortly to be established to act as an advisory body to the Minister, it was stated. Members of the Council would be chosen from police, judges and other persons who deal with crime or crime prevention. The Council would serve as a link between the Ministry and the public on this question, it was stated.

Present at the press conference were Mr. Z. Falk, Legal Adviser to the Ministry; Mr. M. Horowitz, Deputy Director of the Adult Probation Service, and Mr. Y. Cohen, Acting Director of the Youth Probation Service.

Sharett Confident Arabs Can't Halt Immigration

Jerusalem Post Reporter

As long as Israel is a sovereign nation, she alone will determine how many immigrants reach her shores; we will never let the Arab countries fix the rate of immigration, Mr. Moshe Sharett, M.K., said in Jerusalem on Saturday morning at the Or-Gil cinema. He was speaking at a public platform sponsored by the Government's Information and Civic Education Services.

Mr. S.B. Yeshaya, the Jerusalem District Representative, introduced Mr. Sharett.

Mr. Sharett said that immigration is clearly Israel's internal affair. But the Arab countries were trying to make it their business and halt immigration by bringing pressure to bear on the Eastern European countries.

Mr. Sharett said we should not underestimate Arab influence. Nevertheless, it should not be overlooked that these Eastern European countries had opened their gates not in response to Israel's repeated requests, but only to advance their own internal interests. It could not be assumed that Arab pressure would outweight these interests, but Israel had no assurance of this fact.

Italians Coming Here On Easter Cruise

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — For the first time, Israel has been made part of the Easter cruises that are popular with Italians. The Israel Government Tourist Corporation reports that the I. Grandy Viaggi travel agency of Milan is accepting bookings in the s.s. Theodor Herzl for a March 16 April 3 Easter cruise which includes a stopover in Israel.

Kessaria at Eilat

EILAT. — The 2,500-ton Kessaria entered Eilat Harbour Saturday morning to start service in the Eilat-Red Sea-Indian Ocean line. The Kessaria doubles the number of Israel ships working on the line. In addition, there are three foreign-registry ships. *(Itim)*

Two Still in Hospital After Bus Crash

HAIFA. — All but two of the 24 persons injured in the crash of two Egged buses at Tirat Hacarmel on Thursday afternoon were sent home after receiving first aid. The two still in Carmel Hospital are out of danger and their condition has improved.

The driving license of one of the drivers, Gad Sunder, 32, an Egged member for many years, was suspended for 30 days by the Traffic Police who said they believed the accident happened while he was collecting fares.

Both buses were badly damaged. No action was taken against the second driver, an Egged employee.

3 HURT IN COLLISION

AFULA. — Three jeep passengers were injured seriously Friday night on the Afula-Kfar Tavor Road when an Egged bus driver, swerving to avoid a horse-drawn cart, smashed into the oncoming jeep.

Rudolf Avitar, 38, the driver, Benyamin Na'or, 37, and Yosef Dovrat, 41, were taken to Afula Hospital.

Cleared of Blame In Child's Death

Mr. Alexander Peli, publisher of the Hebrew Encyclopedia, was on Friday found not guilty of causing the death of a two-year-old girl who was run over by his car last Purim. Magistrate Y. Harish found that Peli was driving carefully at the time and could not have done anything to prevent the accident in which little Soraya Zakai was killed.

FATHER OF 7 SWINDLES DIVORCEE

TEL AVIV. — A married man and father of seven children was on Friday fined IL500, ordered to pay IL500 compensation and given an eight months' suspended sentence for swindling IL700 from another woman after promising to marry her.

The accused, Yitzhak Zakuto, 48, of Tel Aviv, who is separated from his wife, told the woman, a divorcee, that he was himself divorced and promised to marry her. On the basis of that promise she gave him IL300 in cash and a book of credit cheques. She also permitted him to pawn her typewriter for IL250.

Judge Y. Gavison, of the District Court, in passing sentence, said that Zakuto's deeds were particularly reprehensible as the woman was almost penniless and had a child to support. He did not sentence Zakuto to prison only because he had children to look after. *(Itim)*

No UAR Retreat On Finance Pact

CAIRO (Reuter). — Economy Minister Kaissouni said on Saturday the U.A.R. will not accept any amendment to the text of the initialled Anglo-Egypt financial agreement in its talks with the World Bank President, Mr. Eugene Black, scheduled to open in Cairo on Monday.

Kaissouni told reporters that the U.A.R. had already clearly expressed its viewpoint regarding differences with Britain after the initialling of the agreement and was determined not to budge from it.

Mr. Black, now in Rome, is to arrive in Cairo on Sunday night to pave the way between the two sides for final signature of the agreement.

Earlier, an informed source claimed signature of the agreement is now imminent. The source said the Economic Secretary to the British Treasury, Mr. F. J. Erroll, was likely to fly to Cairo during the weekend to sign the agreement early next week. Signature is expected to be followed by re-establishment of diplomatic relations between London and Cairo.

The hitch occurred when Britain queried the valuation of the Egyptian estates of the Smouha family. Informed sources said in London on Saturday that Britain was likely substantially to accept the valuation of £2m.

Building of Nazareth 'Y' Starts in '60

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The construction of the Y.M.C.A. building in Nazareth will begin in 1960, Mr. John W. Ogg, Director of Building and Furnishing Service of the National Council of Y.M.C.A. of the U.S. and Canada, has informed *The Jerusalem Post*.

Mr. Ogg, who is 64, is visiting Israel as part of an extended world tour of 30 countries to inspect and make arrangements for new buildings. He has already been in 15 countries, including Egypt and Jordan, and will go to another 15 in the next 18 months.

He reported that a three-storey Y.M.C.A. building was planned for the Jordan-held part of Jerusalem, a stone's throw from Mandelbaum Gate.

The Nazareth building will provide comfortable lodgings for pilgrims and give local youth first-rate recreational and sport facilities.

Mr. Ogg, an architect by profession, described the Jerusalem Y.M.C.A. as an "exquisite" architectural creation. The building is in very good condition, he said. He has proposed enlarging the snack bar and improving the tennis court. In another 4-5 years, the kitchen will also have to be enlarged, he said.

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תעשיות בית גולאתת-יד
End of Season Sale
20% Reduction
on
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR
SUEDE COATS
TEL AVIV:
40 Rehov Frishman
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MASKIT
ARTS & CRAFTS

Cables in Brief

NEHRU. — The Indian Premier, Mr. Nehru, has been dropped at his own request from the Working Committee of the ruling Congress Party.

ROBESON. — The American singer, Paul Robeson, who has been in Soviet hospitals and sanatoria since the beginning of the year, on Saturday sang to delegates of a session of the Communist-backed World Peace Council in Moscow.

HOUSMAN. — Laurence Housman, poet, playwright and author, died in London on Friday, aged 92.

REBURIAL. — The Agha Khan, the third former spiritus leader of 20 million Ismailis, who died in Switzerland in 1957, was reburied in Aswan, Egypt in a new Mausoleum built on his instructions to last thousands of years.

INCA. — A ruined Inca city believed to be 2,000 years old has been discovered near Pisco, about 200 kms. from Lima, Peru. It was spotted from the air by Mr. Dwight Wallace, an archaeologist of the Fulbright Inter-American Exchange Committee.

SCHNEOUR

(Continued from Page One)

Yiddish letters shine with a new lustre.

Schneour was born in the White Russian village of Shklov on the Dnieper, the fourth of seven children in an old Hassidic family. Shklov is the scene of "Noah Pandre" and "Song of the Dnieper."

Although he studied medicine in Berlin as a young man, Schneour quickly turned to other pursuits, working and studying in Warsaw, Vilna, Zurich, Geneva, Paris and London. He lived in France before coming to the U.S. in 1941.

Schneour maintained a residence in New York City and another in Israel, although he had never settled there. He is survived by his wife; a daughter, Renee, who is a ballet dancer in Spain, and a son, Dr. Elie Schneour of Berkeley, Calif., a biochemist.

Schneour, who was a member of the Hebrew Language Academy in Jerusalem, was one of two recipients of the 1955 Israel Prize for Literature for "total command of both poetry and prose." The other was the late Yitzhak Lamdan.

TENDER
FOR THE SALE OF
PLOT AND BUILDING
AT HERZLIYA

"Egged" (Eshed) Co-operative Society for Communications and Transport in Israel Ltd. hereby invites bids for the purchase of a plot of land and a building situated at Herzliya, known as Parcel 151, Block 6533. Application in connection with the tender should be made to the "Egged" Station Manager, Herzliya.

Bids should be forwarded in sealed envelopes, marked: "Tender No. 101," and addressed to:
"Egged" (Eshed) Offices,
27 Rehov Herzl, Tel Aviv.

Bids should reach the above address not later than April 20, 1959, 12 noon.

Bidders should enclose a bank cheque along with the bid, made out to "Egged" (ESHED), to the value of 10% of the bid.

"Egged" (Eshed) is not bound to accept the highest or any bid, as this notice constitutes solely an invitation to submit bids.

"EGGED" (ESHED)
Administration

With deep regret we announce the death in Blaricum, Holland, of our Director,

Philip Samuel van Perlstein

at the age of 74.

VAN PERLSTEIN LTD.

Tel Aviv, February 20, 1959.

With deep sorrow we announce the death of our beloved wife and sister

Sonia Kirsanov

who passed away on the night of February 17, 1959

ALEXANDER KIRSANOV
and VIVIAN LEYTON

In deep grief, we mourn the death of my husband, our father, and our grandfather

Dr. Siegfried (Shmuel) Oppenheimer

The funeral will leave from Sha'arei Zedek Hospital, at 11.30 a.m. today.

The Bereaved Family

THE ACADEMIC RESERVES

10TH COURSE, 1959/60

Registration of Candidates for the 10th Course, 1959/60 of the Academic Reserves

will commence at the district recruiting offices of:
JERUSALEM, TEL AVIV, HAIFA, PETAH TIKVA, TIBERIAS, BEERSHEBA
on Thursday, February 26, 1959 and end on Tuesday, March 17, 1959

Pupils of the Eighth Grade of secondary schools who graduate in the 1958/59 school year, students of the Hebrew University, the Hebrew Technion, the Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, the Bar Ilan University, and the Tel Aviv University, who wish to stand for the Academic Reserves, will be supplied with questionnaires and information booklets by the principals of their place of study.

CORRESPONDENCE STUDENTS or those who have already completed their secondary school studies and have not continued their studies at higher institutes of learning, will receive the questionnaires and information booklets at the recruiting offices named above. The questionnaires (in duplicate) should be returned to the recruiting offices not later than Tuesday, March 17, 1959.

Candidates for the Academic Reserves may choose any one of the subjects taught at the Hebrew University, Jerusalem, the Hebrew Technion, the Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, the Bar Ilan University, and the Tel Aviv University.

Preference will be given to candidates choosing one of the following subjects:

1. Electrical Engineering; 5. Civil Engineering; 9. Chemistry;
2. Mechanical Engineering; 6. Medicine; 10. Psychology;
3. Aeronautical Engineering; 7. Mathematics; 11. Oriental Studies.
4. Chemical Engineering; 8. Physics;

Persons desiring additional information concerning the Academic Reserves or information booklets and questionnaires should apply to any of the district recruiting offices.

THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE/MANPOWER DIVISION
RECRUITING DEPARTMENT

ישראל

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World Committee
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THE JERUSALEM POST

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Sunday, February 22, 1959
24 Adar A, 5719. 13 Sha'aban, 1378

All smiles are the joint instigators of the Turko-Greek solution for Cyprus — Greek Foreign Minister Averoff (right) and his Turkish opposite Zorlu (left) with Britain's Foreign Minister Selwyn Lloyd at his home in Carlton Gardens. Express Photo

WHAT the merits and demerits of the final settlement of the Cyprus problem announced in London on Thursday, it is clear that the spirit which permeated the three-power talks was one of reason, common sense and sincerity.

'MIRACLE'

From first reports, the agreement appears to involve concessions on the part of all concerned, a procedure which made possible the speedy solution of a problem that threatened to become one of the more tangled disputes plaguing the area and, more important in the long run, that was creating discord between two members of the Atlantic alliance.

The agreement is a model of compromise, so much so that it is difficult to dicover which of the three parties has conceded most. Even for what seemed to be the thorniest of the disputed points — that of British military bases on the island — a satisfactory solution was found.

At first, the British Government promised the House of Commons that sovereignty over the bases would not be surrendered. Archbishop Makarios, however, had insisted there could be no question of the British retaining such sovereignty. This had increased the danger that the whole problem would remain unsolved.

The question of the British bases was of vital importance since it affected the island's well-being no less than the interests of the British and her allies. Since 1954, when the construction of a staff headquarters, a brigade headquarters and a large military airfield on Cyprus was approved, about 5,000 Cypriots have been employed annually on this project which had been scheduled originally to be completed in 1960.

An important factor which has helped bring about the settlement is that the concept of Cyprus as a military base has changed since the Anglo-French military operation in Suez in the autumn of 1956. Cyprus had been important as part of the complex of British bases and treaty rights in the Middle East — most of which no longer exist. The only strategic importance which the island may yet have would appear to lie in air and other support it could give to the forces of NATO and of the Baghdad Pact.

As NATO members, Turkey, Greece and Britain have taken this into account in their deliberations on Cyprus, thus contributing much to a solution.

One of the agreement's greatest advantages for Britain and the Western alliance as a whole is that, with both communities of the island satisfied, the bases will henceforth operate in friendly territory and will not have to be defended against a hostile population.

The agreement over Cyprus is no doubt a contribution to peace in the Middle East as a whole. The "Cyprus problem" in its darker days was compared to the "Palestine conflict," with many of the overly - pessimistic commentators predicting the same fate for the British there as in Palestine in 1948.

The example of Cyprus is there for the Powers and for Israel's neighbours to see — an example the moral of which would seem to be that there is no problem, however tangled and "insoluble," that cannot be settled through negotiations conducted in an atmosphere of reason, common sense and good will.

Army Officers Leave On U.J.A. Tours

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Three Army officers left by El Al for three different continents on Friday on behalf of the United Jewish Appeal. Aluf-Mishne A. Yaffe went to England, Aluf-Mishne Yehuda Prihar to the U.S. and Sran-Aluf Yosef Carmel, the President's Aide, to India.

On the same day, Mr. A. Harman, a member of the Jewish Agency Executive, returned by El Al from the U.S. and Canada, where he had been for five weeks for the U.J.A. (Ilan)

Cypriots were Rushed to London

By TED R. LURIE

LONDON (airmail).—OUR plane had just taken off from Lydda last Sunday when the Captain made an announcement on the loudspeaker: "For reasons beyond our control," he said with an apology," "we are not flying direct to Athens but are landing *en route* at Nicosia in Cyprus in about an hour's time." He welcomed us on board on behalf of the crew and British European Airways and left us speculating on what might be the reasons beyond his control.

It was bitterly cold at Nicosia, in the small hut that serves as a waiting room, but there we found the local papers had the explanation for our unscheduled landing — our plane had been diverted to pick up a party of 22 Cypriot local leaders including half a dozen mayors, a few members of the Ethnarchy Council of the Greek Orthodox Church in Cyprus, a few lawyers, editors of Greek-language newspapers on the Island and some other prominent personalities in professional and political life. And there they were assembling at the airfield waiting to board our plane. It seems they had all been telephoned within the past 24 hours by the Secretary of the Archbishopric and told that Archbishop Makarios had phoned from Athens to ask them if they would come to London to meet with him and discuss the settlement that was being proposed by the British Government, following the agreement that had been reached between the Greek and Turkish prime ministers at their recent meeting in Zurich. In fact we touched down at Athens only an hour after Makarios himself had taken off for London.

Message from Makarios

All our passengers knew was that the Archbishop had sent them a message asking them to keep themselves free that evening and all the next day (Sunday evening and Monday) to be available for meetings with him in anticipation of the formal five-sided conference that was scheduled to open at Lancaster House on Tuesday morning.

In fact they were in almost continuous session at the Park Lane Hotel since the moment of their arrival. Makarios himself stayed at the Dorchester, but the only time he was there (closely guarded by a host of policemen in and out of uniform and carefully described in considerable detail by the London dailies who went out of their way to mention that his hotel suite cost 26 guineas a day) was to meet Sir Hugh Foot, the Governor of Cyprus, whose job it was to convince the Cypriots that this time the British really meant to hand over Cyprus to them.

Makarios arriving at the Dorchester.

For the Cypriots did have their doubts. They had negotiated several times before and had hoped they would reach agreement, when something always happened to plunge the Island back into the chaos of rebellion. They hadn't forgotten that, only a few days before Makarios was exiled to the Seychelles, they had been sitting around the conference table talking of self-government and independence.

Cypriots Not Optimistic

The British, too, hadn't forgotten all that was published here about Makarios at the time he was exiled; that he was responsible for cold-blooded murders, etc. No responsible Cypriot would have given you more than even money that the talks would be successful — and that despite their realization that the British were not only tired of the Cyprus problem but were also keenly aware that they were put on the spot by this sudden and unexpected agreement on the part of the NATO allies, Turkey and Greece. Moreover, said the Cypriots, if they could not have *Enosis*, which is what they fought and bled for and which is what they had been brought up to pray for all their lives, at least they wanted independence.

Toughest Nut

The British negotiators, for their part, were faced with the toughest nut of all. They had been hard-pressed not only by the Beaverbrook imperialist trumpets but by many soberer critics in and outside of Parliament not to leave the security of their bases in any one else's jurisdiction and only on Thursday last was the British Foreign Secretary pressed into pledging to the House of Commons that "Sovereignty over British bases will not be surrendered." Considering how much they are surrendering once more, perhaps they could not be blamed for trying to hold on to this much.

FRIDAY'S PRESS

Youth Aliya Worthy Cause

GREETING Youth Aliya on its 25th anniversary, Herut writes that this is one of the few institutions in Israel that are clean of any semblance of discrimination, while Al Hamishmar (Mapam) notes that this institution can well take pride in its achievements. The general aim of integrating immigrant youth into pioneering and constructive activity in Israel is a healthy one and should be followed without deviation in the future.

Davar (Histadrut) stresses the warning of the Youth Aliya Director that the institution is in difficulties which may force it to limit its activities. Such a state of affairs must not be allowed, especially in view of the tasks confronting Youth Aliya with the current great aliya. If anything, the institution's framework should be expanded.

Ha'aretz (non-party) expresses its gratitude to the cultural and educational institutions as well as the people of Holland who took the initiative in bringing to us the best examples of classical Dutch art, adding that the great and unusual experience which thousands will enjoy within the next few weeks cannot be weighed in terms of money.

Omer (Histadrut) examines the Liberian Embassy's removal from Jerusalem at the reported instigation of the U.S., and asks whether the new American Ambassador will refuse to present his credentials in Jerusalem. That will be an insult to the President of our State and to its sovereignty.

Hatzofeh (General Zionist), greets our neighbours in Cyprus on their newly-won independence. In the past, when both of us were under British domination, our mutual relations were good and we hope that now these ties will be renewed and strengthened as befits two independent states.

Davar writes that the greatness of British diplomacy is in fact that it recognized the change that took place when the Greeks and Turks arrived at an understanding and swiftly drew the right conclusions. Now that the fighting is over, Cyprus enters the difficult stage of mutual adjustment between the two communities with the aim of creating an integrated "Cyprus personality." Greeting the island, the paper hopes that both sections will enter a stage of friendship and cooperation among themselves and with Israel.

Ha'aretz writes that though Archbishop Makarios may be dismayed at not having had all of his demands met, the Cyprus agreement may be considered a complete victory for the cause of peace in the eastern Mediterranean.

WAKE UP! WAKE UP!

By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

HANGING ON TO MR. DULLES

Few Candidates for Secretary of State

By PHILIP DEANE

WASHINGTON (OPNS).—ALTHOUGH Mr. John Foster Dulles will be an invalid for the rest of his life the United States Government wants to retain his services. Any big corporation in this country would automatically replace an executive who was as sick as the Secretary of State, but the Government under President Eisenhower is a far less impersonal business than a big corporation and Congress is a far less manageable body than a stockholders' meeting. For these reasons replacing Mr. Dulles is a task so difficult that many would prefer to put it off.

The overriding consideration is the President's attitude to government. The President has essential responsibility for conducting foreign affairs, but he declared at a recent Press conference that he could not see how he could possibly devote any more time to such matters. This means that a new Secretary of State would have to carry as much of a load as Mr. Dulles, who has been doing much that is rightly the President's work in the foreign field. Yet although he would have an enormous amount of work, the man who succeeds the Secretary of State might not have the same influence with the President. Mr. Eisenhower runs his Cabinet on a strict seniority basis. The senior members have more authority than a junior boy, whatever his position. Thus, the man who takes over from Mr. Dulles might find that on foreign affairs the President is taking the advice of, say, the Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Lewis L. Strauss, and Mr. Strauss is one of those who oppose any disarmament agreement with the Russians. The Liberals in Congress do not relish such a prospect.

GRUENTHER HERTER

Half Term

There are other factors which make the succession unenviable. For example, the man who succeeds Mr. Dulles will serve only for the remainder of Mr. Eisenhower's term of less than two years, a period during which the President's new role as champion of the right wing in economics might produce a series of domestic and international setbacks for the Government and thereby affect the political future of a new Secretary of State.

The number of possible candidates to succeed Mr. Dulles is small. There is no doubt that the President would prefer his old chief of staff, General Alfred M. Gruenther, if only he were not a military man. Mr. Eisenhower is obsessed with the need not to appear militaristic. John J. McCloy, head of the vast Chase Manhattan Bank and a much respected former U.S. High Commissioner in Germany, is a good enough Republican to please his party and also perhaps a liberal enough internationalist to satisfy the Democrats who control the Foreign Relations Committee. But to appoint him Mr. Eisenhower would have to forget that McCloy has been recently associated with a group of influential men who have attacked the Government's policies through such things as the Rockefeller reports on defence and economics. Mr. McCloy was one of those who urged the President to run in 1952, but Mr. Eisenhower might easily feel that the former High Commissioner in Germany has turned against an old friend; and Mr. Eisenhower does not easily forgive real or imagined slights.

Dulles Against Lodge

Henry Cabot Lodge junior, who has senior Cabinet rank even though he is only his country's delegate to the United Nations, is not considered able enough by Congress despite the fact that his views are along the right pro-Nato, and help-Asia, stop-nuclear-tests lines. Certainly he does not have the vast mental capacity of Mr. Dulles, and he would not have much chance in the Government's councils against such seasoned and crafty opponents as Secretary Strauss. Moreover, Mr. Dulles does not think Mr. Lodge tough enough and does not recommend him.

Mr. Thomas E. Dewey, twice-defeated Republican Presidential candidate, qualifies mentally, but he is still young enough conceivably to emerge again as a possibility for the Republican Presidential nomination. This pleases neither the Democrats (who would consequently give him a bad time) nor those Republicans who themselves eye the nomination. Besides, Mr. Dewey as a lawyer has been representing certain foreign Powers and other nations might therefore not trust him.

This leaves the incumbent Under-Secretaries of State, Mr. Christian Herter and Mr. C. Douglas Dillon. Dillon is much admired by Congress, by Mr. Dulles and by the President himself. He is dynamic, knowledgeable and might overcome his junior position in the Cabinet against the President's more senior right-wing advisers, but Mr. Herter was actually promised he would succeed Mr. Dulles in January 1958, and then Mr. Dulles changed his mind. To by-pass him now in favour of his junior would be an unpleasant task, and Mr. Eisenhower avoids unpleasant tasks whenever possible. Yet Congress does not think highly enough of Mr. Herter.

Partial Vacuum

Finally, there is the reluctance of Mr. Eisenhower to dismiss his most trusted adviser on the grounds of ill-health. The President himself does not resign and he is also a sick man.

The consequence is therefore likely to be that the hard decision will be postponed as long as possible, with the result that a partial vacuum may develop in American leadership of the West. There have been suggestions, from London especially, that Mr. Macmillan might largely fill the gap. The French and Germans however would balk at that. Besides, Mr. Eisenhower, whose critics allege that illness has not left his mental vigour unimpaired, is hardly likely to feed such criticism at home by laying himself open to a charge that a foreigner influences U.S. policy. On the contrary, Mr. Eisenhower might well be less cooperative with Mr. Macmillan than heretofore in order to forestall such a charge should Mr. Dulles be replaced.

It is on pondering all these factors that Americans, including the Secretary of State's oldest critics, who used to say Mr. Dulles always put his foot in his mouth but now see nobody high enough to fill his shoes, now pray for his rapid recovery.

12-27 April 1959

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MUSICAL DIARY

Fresh Breeze

The Kol Yisrael Orchestra, René Leibowitz, conductor (Y.M.C.A., Jerusalem, February 17). Beethoven: "Egmont"; Symphony No. 5 in C-minor; Anton Webern: Passacaglia, Op. 1; Gustav Mahler: Adagio from Symphony No. 10; Arnold Schönberg: "Kol Nidrei," with the participation of the Kol Zion Choir, directed by Avraham Kaplan.

RENE Leibowitz, as composer a disciple of Schönberg and Webern, as writer and teacher a most active fighter for the 12-tone technique in France and other countries, is also as a conductor one of the foremost propagandists of Schönberg and his school. His appearance as guest conductor with the Kol Yisrael Orchestra two years ago brought us some interesting "Firsts," and this time, too, we were treated to some interesting compositions, also "Firsts," which acted like a refreshing breeze in the oft-stale programming of these concerts.

Probably out of fear that a whole programme of "problematic" music would leave the orchestra without an audience in the auditorium, two Beethoven works were included. The listeners who filled the hall to capacity, however, stayed to the very end, thus showing a commendable interest in music beyond the classic and romantic composers. The Beethoven was given a dutiful but uninspired reading, but in the second part Mr. Leibowitz changed his manner of conducting, directing the orchestra more intensely and with greater attention to detail, leading it to what was in a way quite an impressive and satisfying performance.

Anton Webern, the "Godfather" of serial and electronic composers, was represented by his Opus One, a Passacaglia written in 1908 after four years' study with Schönberg. Like Schönberg's early works, this number is still steeped deeply in the music of the Late Romantic period, but it shows already quite clearly the strong personality of a composer with a world of his own. Richly but economically scored, the thematic material is masterfully developed within the strict form, and interest never flags.

Mahler's Tenth Symphony never got beyond a sketch of the outline of the score. The composer, having written many personal remarks in the manuscript, wished it destroyed, but his widow did not respect his intention and had Ernest Krenek complete the Adagio and Scherzo. The finished score does not indicate the extent of the additions made by Krenek, but it was worthwhile hearing the Adagio, in which Mahler remained true to his style right to the end, though the movement is unduly drawn out and its content will be satisfying only to extreme Mahler fans.

Schönberg's "Kol Nidrei," commissioned in 1938 by a Los Angeles synagogue, is essentially a tonal work based on the traditional motif. Using a narrator (the Rabbi exorcising his community before the prayer), a choir and a full orchestra, this composition is among Schönberg's most exciting and exerts an immediate impact on the uninitiated listener as well as on the prepared professional.

Yehoshua Zohar filled the part of the narrator with dignity and appropriate inflexion. The Kol Zion Choir, extremely well prepared by Avraham Kaplan, sang its score with precision and clean intonation, and the orchestra met very efficiently the difficult demands of the colourful and intricate score, ably directed by René Leibowitz, who earns our highest appreciation for the choice of this programme.

Unfortunately very little could be heard of the excellent choir in the hall, for the singers were placed on the stage with no consideration for the capacity audience. They could fairly easily have been placed on steps, directed their voices towards the front like the orchestra and thus given the enthralled listeners the complete sound of the work. This would not have presented any complication for the highly efficient broadcasting technicians. Kol Yisrael should at last consider that its Tuesday night concerts are not studio affairs with a public suffered for atmosphere or improved acoustics for the broadcast, but a real need for hundreds of Jerusalem music enthusiasts who come there regularly for enjoyment and enlightenment and want to hear a concert in the best possible conditions. These can be provided with just a little goodwill and interest.

Y. BOEHM

Haifa Concert

The Haifa Symphony Orchestra, Michael Taube, conductor; David Chen, violin; Gideon Rosbi, viola. (Oranh Hall, February 15). Paul Ben-Haim: Music for Strings; Mozart: Symphony Concertante K. 364 for Violin and Viola, Schubert: Symphony No. 5 in B1 flat major.

IN his delightful suite, written in 1955-56, Ben-Haim has passed the experimental stage and displays a highly personal style. It is rhythmically highly accented, even syncopated, but its main charm lies in the lyricism of its thematic material, which threads its way through all five movements.

Works such as this one — originally ordered by Mr. Taube for his Ramat Gan Chamber Orchestra — are true assets to the programmes of our orchestras, whose demands for contemporary Israel music they meet while at the same time they do not confront them with too intricate a score. Perfectly rehearsed and devotedly played, the suite was warmly received.

Another fine performance awaited the listeners in the Mozart, which Maestro Taube conducted with real dedication. The two soloists played with an ethereal quality, both strings ideally blending their tone and their phrasing, while the orchestra, under Taube's resolute beat, discreetly scintillated in the background.

Mr. Taube could not completely avoid conventional clichés in the Schubert, though his nuances were of the most delicate tenderness. As in the Mozart, the brass and woodwinds were in better form than the strings.

G.W.-B.

Barenboim in London

Daniel Barenboim gave his first concert with the London Philharmonic before an empty Royal Festival Hall last week, despite a classic programme including Weber, Beethoven and Schubert that was conducted by William Steinberg.

In the "Daily Mail" Percy Carter called the Israel boy "not ready yet," despite a confident approach to Beethoven's Fourth Concerto that many seasoned pianists might envy. Carter found Daniel's dynamic range too limited and described his playing as "excellent for 16 but not mature enough for the work."

However, the "Times" writes: "Of his technical mastery of the keyboard there has never been any doubt for quite a long time now. What was more remarkable was his deep musical sympathy for the work, apparent in the searching slow movement, no less than in the two outer movements."

Neville Cardus in the "Manchester Guardian" found that "Barenboim played really beautifully in the Beethoven Concerto. Naturally he reduced the tonal stature of the work; but it survives, indeed invites, such a treatment."

D.M. commented in the "Daily Telegraph": "The 17-year-old Daniel Barenboim, certainly one of the most remarkable players in the world for his age, gave a beautifully modulated performance of the concerto. He was technically very assured and brought a delightfully buoyant touch to the quick movements and the understanding of a very mature artist to the slow one."

Newsweek
February 23, 1959
DECLINE OF THE U.S. BIG INDUSTRIAL UNIONS
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Appeal for Investment Opportunities

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir,—On November 27, you published my letter maintaining that investment, not loans, is required.

Since then, the Government has floated two issues of securities: the Immigration Loan (IL20m.) and the National Petroleum Company's Debentures (IL10m.). The first, ineptly managed and based on classical patriotic slogans has, after two months, hardly succeeded in raising half the sum; the second, efficiently advertised and based on purely commercial grounds, was oversubscribed within a few hours.

From this, we can deduce the following:

1. The public is willing to invest. Given the opportunity, I believe that far more than the IL50m., calculated as the saturation capacity of our free market by the Finance Ministry's official who replied to my letter, will be invested by the public.

2. The Government ought to try to divert to the free market the financial requirements of our industrial enterprises. Released from this burden, the Government would be able to use the taxpayers' money thus saved for the absorption of immigrants, their housing, etc.

Although I purchased my share of Immigration Loan bonds (and in cash) as a matter of conscience, I insist that the solution is not a loan but the creation of opportunities to invest. If the public were appraised of the advantages of investing in sound enterprises, some money now used for luxury expenditure would be diverted to this healthier object. Maybe many employees would invest in the enterprises where they work, with obvious influence on productivity.

The solution is in the Government's hands.

Yours, etc.
T. S.

(Name and address supplied)
Tel Aviv, February 5.

COST OF ABSORPTION

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In your issue of February 1, Mr. Neumann says that immigrants, once absorbed, become an "asset" as they turn into taxpayers. It is not just, he argues, that taxes should be increased to cover this absorption: such expenditure should be part of the Development Budget and should be financed by loans.

Mr. Neumann is right in his basic claim—the absorption of immigrants does increase the number of wage-earners and in turn the number of productive workers and of taxpayers. But the immigrant's path is a long one before he reaches this stage. Until such a time, he is an immediate consumer of Government health, education and welfare services; he and his family must be provided with a roof over their heads and minimum employment for the first few months. Such expenditure amounts to about $2,000 a person, about half of which is for housing alone.

It is not difficult to compute the enormous sums which will be required for the absorption of tens of thousands of immigrants; this expense must be borne by the State's institutions and will not be returned to the State's treasury. At the same time, our national economy must be developed quickly in order to provide permanent jobs; the industrial and agricultural sectors must be developed to absorb the new immigrants.

Hence the absorption of immigration in all its stages demands the direction of large and new sources of finance from abroad and from the citizens of Israel; this financing must come both from taxes and from loans invested in development projects.

Yours, etc.
SHLOMO AMIR
Information and Public Relations, The Treasury
Jerusalem, February 6.

TANTURA BEACH

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — A few days ago you reported a plan to erect a plant on Tantura beach—of all places. I am really surprised to find that a storm of indignation has not arisen over this proposal, which would rob us of the finest beach in the whole country. Are we really so rich in natural beauty spots that we can afford this? The opposition of the Minister of the Interior to this scheme is absolutely justified and I sincerely hope that he will not budge an inch in this matter.

Yours, etc.
DR. L. WECHSLER
Tel Aviv, February 10.

•

Sir,—It is well known that the beach near Dor (Tantura) is the ideal bathing place in Israel and the only one suitable for non-swimmers who can enjoy the sea there without being exposed to the dangers of rolling breakers.

The establishment of a copper refinery would not only deprive people of well-earned pleasure and prevent children's summer camps, especially for those suffering from the effects of polio, from being held there, but the country as a whole would lose one more tourist attraction. I protest in my own name and, I am sure, in the name of thousands of fellow holiday-makers against this plan

Yours, etc.
PAULA INTNER
Tel Aviv, February 12.

PURCHASE TAX

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Today's cartoon—"It's the Law" — does not give a full picture of the grotesque situation concerning record players and turntables with automatic changers. Purchase tax must be paid, in addition to customs duty, and the total of these taxes amounts to about 450 per cent of the c.i.f. value—not the cost price.

When I returned from Europe, more than a year ago, I found that taxes had been increased considerably only a few days before; I definitely did not consider this a very pleasant welcome as I had to pay about IL240 more than the price at which similar appliances are sold in this country...

Yours, etc.
R. W.
(Name and address supplied)
Jerusalem, February 2.

RADIO TALKS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The wireless service is becoming a medium for tedious people who like to hear themselves talk.

Has it ever occurred to the Programme Department that, whenever the music stops and the oily self-congratulatory voices start, a hundred thousand wireless receivers click off?

Yours, etc.
TH. ARNOLD
Binyamina, January 23.

MAPAI ENGLISH SPEAKING GROUP
of Haifa
announces a lecture on
DEMOCRACY IN ISRAEL
by Mr. Moshe Sharett, M.K.
this evening, FEBRUARY 22, 1959, 8.30 p.m.
at Beitenu, 29 Rehov Yerushalayim, Haifa.
Invitations may be obtained from the Mapai Branch, 38 Rehov Hehalutz, Haifa.

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Readers' Letters